THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

[4 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1799. [No. 1968.]

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Island)* Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

C. FOWLER & Company,
HAVE FOR SALE,
40 Tons Swedish Iron, assorted,
400 Bolts Russia and Ravens Duck,
10,000 Wt. Coffee, intitled to Drawback,
10 Hogsheads Sugar,
10 Hogsheads West-India Rum,
2 Hogsheads Virginia Tobacco,
2 Pair 3 Pound Cannon,
Russia Cordage;
Together with a general Assortment of Groceries, and a constant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Quantity, or single Barrel.
Newport, 20th Dec. 1799.

TAKEN UP adrift, on the West Side of this Island, some Time last Week, a CEDAR BOAT—about Twelve Feet Keel—calculated for one Mast; her Bottom white, two Oars and a Rudder on board.—Whoever is the right Owner of said Boat, may have her again, by applying to the Subscriber, and paying all Charges.
BOWEN PEARCE.
Prudence, Dec. 18, 1799.

FOR SALE,
A very good Weaver's LOOM.
Inquire of the Printer.
December 24.

The FARM, late belonging to GEORGE HAZARD, Esq; in South-Kingstown, is to be LET.—It is presumed that no Person will apply to hire it, but one that is acquainted with it; and to him any Description will be unnecessary.
CARDER HAZARD.
Newport, Dec. 7, 1799.

The Borland LOT is to be Sold to any Person, immediately applying:—It being the Determination of the Owner, to build on it in the Spring, if not sold immediately.—There is on it, a large and very valuable Quantity of Wood.

FOR SALE,
A Lot of Land, near the Duck Manufactory—with a small Dwelling-House thereon.—Inquire of the Printer.
December 10, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON
Respectfully informs his old Customers, his Friends, and the Public, that he has just received, and has for Sale, at his Store in Thames-street, Three Doors below the Post-Office,
AN elegant Variety of fashionable GOODS, adapted to the approaching Season;—which are, in Addition to his former beautiful Assortment of Satins, India Leghorns, Modes, Calicoes, Chintzes, Linens, Ladies Hats, &c. &c.
All which Goods will be sold at a very low Advance.
Those who will please to call at his Store, he flatters himself, will not be disappointed in the Quality of his Goods, the Prices of them, or the Treatment they will receive.
Newport, Nov. 26, 1799.

This Day Published,
BY
OLIVER FARNSWORTH,
At his Printing-Office, a few Doors North of the Coffee-House, in Thames-Street,
The *NEWPORT*
ALMANACK,
With an EPHEMERIS,
For the Year of our LORD 1800.
Being the Completion of the Eighteenth Century, and Twenty-fourth Year of American Independence.
Calculated for the Meridian of *Newport*, but will serve for any of the New-England States.
CONTAINING,
Besides the usual Calculations, a great Variety of New, Useful, and Entertaining Matter.
And will be Sold by the Thousand, Gross, Dozen, or Single.
☞ *Great Allowance made to those who purchase Quantities.*
December 10, 1799.

FOR SALE, BY
J. RICHARDSON,
At the Post-Office,
A great Variety of BOOKS and STATIONARY.
A great Variety of ALMANACKS, for the Year 1800——Among which is One calculated for Newport.
The Old Newport Circulating Library has lately had an Addition of some Hundred Volumes, in Divinity, History, Voyages, Travels, Novels, &c.
Has just received an elegant Assortment of Muffs, Tippets, Fur-Trimmings, and Skins of all Colours.
Also a good Assortment of Paper Hangings.
Newport, Dec. 24, 1799.

NEWPORT and *NEW-LONDON*
New Line of STAGES:
From New-London to Newport, twice a Week, through Groton, Stonington, Westerly, Charlestown, and South-Kingstown, &c.
(FOR THE WINTER SEASON)
—*AS FOLLOWS*:—
Leave New-London, Mondays and Thursdays, at 9, A. M.
Arrive at Newport, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 12, A. M.
RETURNING,
Leave Newport, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2, P. M.
Arrive at New-London, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 6, P. M.
EACH Passenger pays from New-London Ferry to Narragansett Ferry, Three Dollars; the Remainder of the Road pays Fourpence Halfpenny per Mile, and are allowed Fourteen Pounds Baggage, each:——One Hundred Pounds extra Baggage pays the same as a Passenger.
Passengers at *Newport* may apply to Mr. *Townsend's*; and at *New-London*, at Mr. *Frink's* Tavern, where the Driver will call previous to his leaving those Places.
ALL Favours will be gratefully received, and thankfully, acknowledged, by the Public's obedient and very humble Servants,
PETER CRARY & CO.
Stonington-Port, October 21, 1799.

NATHAN B. MILLER
Has for Sale,
A few Pipes of BRANDY, of the 5th Proof, *entitled to the Drawback.*—Also new Superfine FLOUR, by the Barrel or larger Quantity; and PIMENTO by the Bag.
Oct. 15, 1799.

ETHAN CLARKE
HAS FOR SALE,
A few Pipes of excellent Cogniac Brandy; Claret Wine in Boxes, of 2 Dozen in a Box; Bottled Porter and Brown Stout in Casks; Molasses and New-England Rum by Hogshead; and Anchors, &c. as usual.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,
Have for Sale at their Store on Banister's Wharf,
BROWN SUGAR by the Hogshead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogshead; Molasses by the Hogshead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Rosin by the Barrel; Powder by the Cask; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; and a few Gin-Cases.
—ALSO—
LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fitting Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.
Newport, Nov. 4, 1799.

Justices Warrants, Executions, &c. for Sale, by the Printer hereof.

CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Tuesday, December 17.

MR. S. Smith, from the committee of Commerce and Manufactures, reported a bill, providing for salvage in case of re-capture, which was read a first and second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House on Thursday.

Wednesday, December 18.

Mr. Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, inclosing an estimate of the appropriations necessary to be made for the service of the year 1800; and a statement of the expenditure from the 1st of November, 1798, to the 1st of November, 1799.

The bill entitled, "An act supplementary to the act entitled, an act to provide for the valuation of lands and dwelling-houses, and the enumeration of slaves, within the United States," was read a third time, and passed.

Thursday, December 19.

Mr. Marshall, with deep sorrow on his countenance, and in a low, pathetic tone of voice, rose and addressed the House as follows:

The melancholy event which was yesterday announced with doubt, has been rendered but too certain. Our WASHINGTON is no more! The hero, the sage and the patriot of America—the man on whom in times of danger, every eye was turned and all hopes were placed, lives now only in his own great actions, and in the hearts of an affectionate and afflicted people.

If, sir, it had not been usual, openly to testify respect, for the memory of those whom heaven had selected as its instruments, for dispensing good to man: yet, such has been the uncommon worth, and such the extraordinary incidents which have marked the life of him whose loss we all deplore, that the whole American nation, impelled by the same feelings, would call with one voice for a public manifestation of that sorrow, which is so deep and so universal.

More than any other individual, and as much as to one individual was possible, has he contributed to found this our wide-spreading empire, and to give to the Western world its independence and its freedom. Having effected the great object for which he was placed at the head of our armies, we have seen him convert the sword into the plough-share, and voluntarily sink the soldier in the citizen.

When the debility of our federal system had become manifest, and the bonds which connected the parts of this vast continent were dissolving, we had seen him the Chief of those Patriots who formed for us a Constitution, which, by preserving the union, will, I trust, substantiate and perpetuate those blessings our Revolution had promised to bestow.

In obedience to the general voice of his country, calling on him to preside over a great people, we have seen him once more quit the retirement he loved, and in a season more stormy and tempestuous than war itself, with calm and wise determination pursue the true interests of the nation, and contribute, more than any other could contribute to the establishment of that system of policy which will, I trust, yet preserve our peace, our honor, and our independence. Having been twice unanimously chosen the Chief Magistrate of a free people, we see him at a time when his re-election with the universal suffrage could not have been doubted, affording the world a rare instance of moderation, by withdrawing from his high station to the peaceful walks of private life.

However, the public confidence may change, and the public affection fluctuate with respect to others, yet with respect to him they have, in war and in peace, in public life and in private life, been as steady as the sun from mind, and as constant as his own exalted virtue.

Let us then, Mr. Speaker, pay the last tribute of respect and affection to our departed friend. Let the grand council of the nation display those sentiments which the nation feels.

For this purpose, I hold in my hand some resolutions, which I will take the liberty to offer to the House.

Resolved, That this House will wait on the President of the United States, in condolence of this mournful event.

Resolved, That the Speaker's chair be shrouded with black; and that the Members and Officers of the House wear black during the session.

Resolved, That a committee, in conjunction with one from the Senate, be appointed to consider on the most suitable manner of paying honor to the memory of the man, first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his country.

Resolved, That this House when it adjourn, do adjourn to Monday.

These resolutions were unanimously agreed to. Sixteen members were appointed on the third resolution.

A message from the President was received, communicating a letter from Tobias Lear, Esq; private Secretary to General WASHINGTON.

PRESIDENT's MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

The letter herewith transmitted will inform you, that it has pleased Divine Providence to remove from this life, our excellent fellow-citizen GEORGE WASHINGTON, by the purity of his character and a long series of services to his country, rendered illustrious through the world. It remains for an affectionate and grateful people, in whose hearts he can never die, to pay suitable honor to his memory.

JOHN ADAMS.

Mount-Vernon, Dec. 15, 1799.

SIR,

It is with inexpressible grief, that I have to announce to you the death of the great and good General Washington. He died last evening between 10 and 11 o'clock, after a short illness of about twenty-four hours.—His disorder was an inflammatory sore-throat, which proceeded from a cold, of which he made but little complaint on Friday. On Saturday morning about three o'clock he became ill. Doctor Dick, attended him, in the morning, and Dr. Craik, of Alexandria, and Dr. Brown, of Port Tobacco, were soon after called in. Every medical assistance was offered, but without the desired effect. His last scene corresponded with the whole tenor of his life.—Not a groan nor a complaint escaped him, in extreme distress. With perfect resignation and a full possession of his reason, he closed his well spent life.

I have the honor to be, &c.

TOBIAS LEAR.

The President of the United States.

Generals Marshall and Smith were appointed to wait on the President, to know at what time it would be convenient for him to receive the House.

Generals Marshall and Smith having waited on the President with the first resolution, reported, that the President would be ready to receive them at 1 o'clock this day. The House accordingly waited on him.

The Speaker addressed the President in the following words:

SIR,

The House of Representatives, penetrated with a sense of the irreparable loss sustained by the nation, by the death of that great and good man, the illustrious and beloved Washington, wait on you, Sir, to express their condolence, on this melancholy and distressing event.

To which the President made the following Answer:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

I receive with great respect and affection the condolence of the House of Representatives on the melancholy and afflicting event, of the death of the most illustrious and beloved personage which this country ever produced. I sympathize with you—with the nation, and with good men through the world, in this irreparable loss sustained by us all.

JOHN ADAMS.

A message was received from the Senate, informing the House that they had agreed to the appointment of a joint committee, to consider a suitable manner of paying honor to the memory of the man first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his country; and that they had appointed seven members to join a committee of the House for that purpose. Adjourned till Monday.

THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

[1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1799. [No. 1968.]

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Island)* Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

C. FOWLER & Company,
HAVE FOR SALE,
40 Tons Swediſh Iron, aſſorted,
400 Bolts Ruſſia and Ravens Duck,
10,000 Wt. Coffee, intitled to Drawback,
10 Hogſheads Sugar,
10 Hogſheads Weſt-India Rum,
2 Hogſheads Virginia Tobacco,
2 Pair 3 Pound Cannon,
Ruſſia Cordage,
Together with a general Aſſortment of Groceries, and a conſtant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Quantity, or ſingle Barrel.
Newport, 20th Dec. 1799.

TAKEN UP adrift, on the Weſt Side of this Iſland, ſome Time laſt Week, a CEDAR BOAT—about Twelve Feet Keel—calculated for one Maſt; her Bottom white, two Oars and a Rudder on board.—Whoever is the right Owner of ſaid Boat, may have her again, by applying to the Subſcriber, and paying all Charges.
BOWEN PEARCE.
Prudence, Dec. 18, 1799.

FOR SALE,
A very good Weaver's LOOM.
Inquire of the Printer.
December 24.

The FARM, late belonging to GEORGE HAZARD, Eſq; in South-Kingſtown, is to be LET.—It is preſumed that no Perſon will apply to hire it, but one that is acquainted with it; and to him any Deſcription will be unneceſſary.
CARDER HAZARD.
Newport, Dec. 7, 1799.

The Borland LOT is to be Sold to any Perſon, immediately applying:—It being the Determination of the Owner, to build on it in the Spring, if not ſold immediately.—There is on it, a large and very valuable Quantity of Wood.

FOR SALE,
A Lot of Land, near the Duck Manufactory—with a ſmall Dwelling-Houſe thereon.—Inquire of the Printer.
December 10, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON
Reſpectfully informs his old Cuſtomers, his Friends, and the Public, that he has juſt received, and has for Sale, at his Store in Thames-ſtreet, Three Doors below the Poſt-Office,
AN elegant Variety of faſhionable GOODS, adapted to the approaching Seaſon;—which are, in Addition to his former beautiful Aſſortment of Satins, India Luteſtrings, Modes, Calicoes, Chintzes, Linens, Ladies Hats, &c. &c.
All which Goods will be ſold at a very low Advance.
Thoſe who will pleaſe to call at his Store, he flatters himſelf, will not be diſappointed in the Quality of his Goods, the Prices of them, or the Treatment they will receive.
Newport, Nov. 26, 1799.

This Day Publiſhed,
BY
OLIVER FARNSWORTH,
At his Printing-Office, a few Doors North of the Coffee-Houſe, in Thames-Street,
The *NEWPORT*
ALMANACK,
With an EPHEMERIS,
For the Year of our LORD 1800.
It being the Completion of the Eighteenth Century, and Twenty-fourth Year of American Independence.
Calculated for the Meridian of *NEWPORT*, but will ſerve for any of the New-England States.
CONTAINING,
Beſides the uſual Calculations, a great Variety of New, Uſeful, and Entertaining Matter.
And will be Sold by the Thouſand, Groce, Dozen, or Single.
☞ *Great Allowance made to thoſe who purchaſe Quantities.*
December 10, 1799.

FOR SALE, BY
J. RICHARDSON,
At the Poſt-Office,
A great Variety of BOOKS and STATIONARY.
A great Variety of ALMANACKS, for the Year 1800——Among which is One calculated for Newport.
The Old Newport Circulating Library has lately had an Addition of ſome Hundred Volumes, in Divinity, Hiſtory, Voyages, Travels, Novels, &c.
Has juſt received an elegant Aſſortment of Muffs, Tippets, Fur-Trimmings, and Skins of all Colours.
Alſo a good Aſſortment of Paper Hangings.
Newport, Dec. 24, 1799.

NEWPORT and *NEW-LONDON*
New Line of STAGES:
From New-London to Newport, twice a Week, through Groton, Stonington, Weſterly, Charleſtown, and South-Kingſtown, &c.
(FOR THE WINTER SEASON)
—*AS FOLLOWS*:—
Leave New-London, Mondays and Thurſdays, at 9, A. M.
Arrive at Newport, Tueſdays and Fridays, at 12, A. M.
RETURNING,
Leave Newport, Tueſdays and Fridays, at 2, P. M.
Arrive at New-London, Wedneſdays and Saturdays, at 6, P. M.
EACH Paſſenger pays from New-London Ferry to Narraganſet Ferry, Three Dollars; the Remainder of the Road pays Fourpence Halfpenny per Mile, and are allowed Fourteen Pounds Baggage, each:——One Hundred Pounds extra Baggage pays the ſame as a Paſſenger.
Paſſengers at *Newport* may apply to Mr. *Townſend's*; and at *New-London*, at Mr. *Frink's* Tavern, where the Driver will call previous to his leaving thoſe Places.
ALL Favours will be gratefully received, and thankfully acknowledged, by the Public's obedient and very humble Servants,
PETER CRARY & CO.
Stonington-Port, October 21, 1799.

NATHAN B. MILLER
Has for Sale,
A few Pipes of BRANDY, of the 5th Proof, *entitled to the Drawback.*—Alſo new Superfine FLOUR, by the Barrel or larger Quantity; and PIMENTO by the Bag.
Oct. 15, 1799.

ETHAN CLARKE
HAS FOR SALE,
A few Pipes of excellent Cogniac Brandy; Claret Wine in Boxes, of 2 Dozen in a Box; Bottled Porter and Brown Stout in Caſks; Molaſſes and New-England Rum by Hogſhead; and Anchors, &c. as uſual.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,
Have for Sale at their Store on Baniſter's Wharf,
BROWN SUGAR by the Hogſhead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogſhead; Molaſſes by the Hogſhead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Roſin by the Barrel; Powder by the Caſk; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; and a few Gin-Caſes.
—ALSO—
LIQUORS, of the beſt Kind, a general Aſſortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Aſſortment of which they propoſe to be conſtantly ſupplied with.——Fiſhing Parties, Maſters of Packets, Paſſengers, &c. may be ſupplied at ſaid Store on the ſhorteſt Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.
Newport, Nov. 4, 1799.

Juſtices Warrants, Executions, &c. for Sale, by the Printer hereof.

CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Tueſday, December 17.

MR. S. Smith, from the committee of Commerce and Manufactures, reported a bill, providing for ſalvage in caſe of re-capture, which was read a firſt and ſecond time, and committed to a committee of the whole Houſe on Thurſday.

Wedneſday, December 18.

Mr. Speaker laid before the Houſe a letter from the Secretary of the Treaſury, incloſing an eſtimate of the appropriations neceſſary to be made for the ſervice of the year 1800; and a ſtatement of the expenditure from the 1ſt of November, 1798, to the 1ſt of November, 1799.

The bill entitled, "An act ſupplementary to the act entitled, an act to provide for the valuation of lands and dwelling-houſes, and the enumeration of ſlaves, within the United States," was read a third time, and paſſed.

Thurſday, December 19.

Mr. Marſhall, with deep ſorrow on his countenance, and in a low, pathetic tone of voice, roſe and addreſſed the Houſe as follows:

The melancholy event which was yeſterday announced with doubt, has been rendered but too certain. Our WASHINGTON is no more! The hero, the ſage and the patriot of America—the man on whom in times of danger, every eye was turned and all hopes were placed, lives now only in his own great actions, and in the hearts of an affectionate and afflicted people.

If, ſir, it had not been uſual, openly to teſtify reſpect, for the memory of thoſe whom heaven had ſelected as its inſtruments, for diſpenſing good to man: yet, ſuch has been the uncommon worth, and ſuch the extraordinary incidents which have marked the life of him whoſe loſs we all deplore, that the whole American nation, impelled by the ſame feelings, would call with one voice for a public manifeſtation of that ſorrow, which is ſo deep and ſo univerſal.

More than any other individual, and as much as to one individual was poſſible, has he contributed to found this our wide-ſpreading empire, and to give to the Weſtern world its independence and its freedom. Having effected the great object for which he was placed at the head of our armies, we have ſeen him convert the ſword into the plough-ſhare, and voluntarily ſink the ſoldier in the citizen.

When the debility of our federal ſyſtem had become manifeſt, and the bonds which connected the parts of this vaſt continent were diſſolving, we had ſeen him the Chief of thoſe Patriots who formed for us a Conſtitution, which, by preſerving the union, will, I truſt, ſubſtantiate and perpetuate thoſe bleſſings our Revolution had promiſed to beſtow.

In obedience to the general voice of his country, calling on him to preſide over a great people, we have ſeen him once more quit the retirement he loved, and in a ſeaſon more ſtormy and tempeſtuous than war itſelf, with calm and wiſe determination purſue the true intereſts of the nation, and contribute, more than any other could contribute to the eſtabliſhment of that ſyſtem of policy which will, I truſt, yet preſerve our peace, our honor, and our independence. Having been twice unanimouſly choſen the Chief Magiſtrate of a free people, we ſee him at a time when his re-election with the univerſal ſuffrage could not have been doubted, affording the world a rare inſtance of moderation, by withdrawing from his high ſtation to the peaceful walks of private life.

However, the public confidence may change, and the public affections fluctuate with reſpect to others, yet with reſpect to him they have, in war and in peace, in public and in private life, been as ſteady as his own firm mind, and as conſtant as his own exalted virtues.

Let us then, Mr. Speaker, pay the laſt tribute of reſpect and affection to our departed friend. Let the grand council of the nation diſplay thoſe ſentiments which the nation feels.

For this purpoſe, I hold in my hand ſome reſolutions, which I will take the liberty to offer to the Houſe.

Reſolved, That this Houſe will wait on the Preſident of the United States, in condolence of this mournful event.

Reſolved, That the Speaker's chair be ſhrouded with black; and that the Members and Officers of the Houſe wear black during the ſeſſion.

Reſolved, That a committee, in conjunction with one from the Senate, be appointed to conſider on the moſt ſuitable manner of paying honor to the memory of the man, firſt in war, firſt in peace, and firſt in the hearts of his country.

Reſolved, That this Houſe when it adjourn, do adjourn to Monday.

Theſe reſolutions were unanimouſly agreed to. Sixteen members were appointed on the third reſolution.

A meſſage from the Preſident was received, communicating a letter from Tobias Lear, Eſq; private Secretary to General WASHINGTON.

PRESIDENT's MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

The letter herewith tranſmitted will inform you, that it has pleaſed Divine Providence to remove from this life, our excellent fellow-citizen GEORGE WASHINGTON, by the purity of his character and a long ſeries of ſervices to his country, rendered illuſtrious through the world. It remains for an affectionate and grateful people, in whoſe hearts he can never die, to pay ſuitable honor to his memory.

JOHN ADAMS.

Mount-Vernon, Dec. 15, 1799.

SIR,

It is with inexpreſſible grief, that I have to announce to you the death of the great and good General Waſhington. He died laſt evening between 10 and 11 o'clock, after a ſhort illneſs of about twenty-four hours.—His diſorder was an inflammatory ſore-throat, which proceeded from a cold, of which he made but little complaint on Friday. On Saturday morning about three o'clock he became ill. Doctor Dick, attended him, in the morning, and Dr. Craik, of Alexandria, and Dr. Brown, of Port Tobacco, were ſoon after called in. Every medical aſſiſtance was offered, but without the deſired effect. His laſt ſcene correſponded with the whole tenor of his life.—Not a groan nor a complaint eſcaped him, in extreme diſtreſs. With perfect reſignation and a full poſſeſſion of his reaſon, he cloſed his well ſpent life.

I have the honor to be, &c.

TOBIAS LEAR.

The Preſident of the United States.

Generals Marſhall and Smith were appointed to wait on the Preſident, to know at what time it would be convenient for him to receive the Houſe.

Generals Marſhall and Smith having waited on the Preſident with the firſt reſolution, reported, that the Preſident would be ready to receive them at 1 o'clock this day. The Houſe accordingly waited on him.

The Speaker addreſſed the Preſident in the following words:

SIR,

The Houſe of Repreſentatives, penetrated with a ſenſe of the irreparable loſs ſuſtained by the nation, by the death of that great and good man, the illuſtrious and beloved Waſhington, wait on you, Sir, to expreſs their condolence, on this melancholy and diſtreſſing event.

To which the Preſident made the following Anſwer:

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I receive with great reſpect and affection the condolence of the Houſe of Repreſentatives on the melancholy and afflicting event, in the death of the moſt illuſtrious and beloved perſonage which this country ever produced. I ſympathize with you—with the nation, and with good men through the world, in this irreparable loſs ſuſtained by us all.

JOHN ADAMS.

A meſſage was received from the Senate, informing the Houſe that they had agreed to the appointment of a joint committee, to conſider a ſuitable manner of paying honor to the memory of the man firſt in war, firſt in peace, and firſt in the hearts of his country; and that they had appointed ſeven members to join a committee of the Houſe for that purpoſe. Adjourned till Monday.

The Senate of the United States have come to an order, that the members wear black during the ſeſſion, and that the chair of the Preſident be ſhrouded with black, overhung with curtains of black, and the whole chamber lined in a ſimilar manner—as a teſtimony of reſpect for the memory of their beloved and regretted late fellow-citizen, George Waſhington.

[redacted]

In conſequence of the afflicting intelligence of the death of GENERAL WASHINGTON, Mrs. Adams' drawing room is deferred to Friday the 27th, when the Ladies are reſpectfully requeſted to wear white, trimmed with black ribbon, black gloves and fans, as a token of reſpect to the memory of the late Preſident of the United States; The Ladies of the officers of the general government will pleaſe to wear black.

[redacted]

WAR DEPARTMENT.

The Preſident, with deep regret, announces to the army the death of its beloved Chief, General *GEORGE WASHINGTON*.—Sharing in the grief, which every heart muſt feel for ſo heavy and afflicting a public loſs, and deſirous to expreſs the high ſenſe of the vaſt debt of gratitude which is due to the virtues, talents, and ever memorable ſervices of the illuſtrious deceaſed, he directs that funeral honours be paid to him at all the military ſtations, and that the officers of the army and of the ſeveral corps of volunteers, wear crape on the left arm, by way of mourning, for ſix months. Major-General Hamilton will give the neceſſary orders for carrying into effect the foregoing directions.

Given at the War-Office of the United States, in Philadelphia, this 19th day of December, A. D. 1799, and in the 24th year of the Independence of the ſaid States.

By command of the Preſident,

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

[redacted]

NAVY DEPARTMENT,

20th December, 1799.

The Preſident, with deep affliction, announces to the Navy, and to the Marines, the death of our beloved fellow-citizen George Waſhington, Commander of our Armies, and late Preſident of the United States; but rendered more illuſtrious by his eminent virtues, and a long ſeries of the moſt important ſervices, than by the honours which his grateful country delighted to confer upon him.

Deſirous that the Navy and Marines ſhould expreſs, in common with every other deſcription of American citizens, the high ſenſe which all feel of the loſs our country has ſuſtained in the death of this good and great man; the Preſident directs that the veſſels of the Navy, in our own and in foreign ports, be put into mourning for one week, by wearing their colours half-maſt high; and that the Officers of the Navy and of the Marines, wear crape on the left arm, below the elbow, for ſix months.

BEN. STODDERT.

[redacted]

CINCINNATI.

At a meeting of the Pennſylvania State Society of the Cincinnati, held at the State-Houſe, in Philadelphia, on the 21ſt of December, 1799,

BRIGADIER-GEN. MACPHERSON
IN THE CHAIR,

The following Reſolutions were moved by Major JACKSON, and unanimouſly adopted:

Reſolved, That in veneration of the exalted virtues, patriotiſm, and public ſervices of our late moſt excellent, beloved, and ever to be lamented Preſident General, George Waſhington,—and as a tribute of the deepeſt ſorrow, and moſt affectionate attachment to his endeared and illuſtrious memory, the Members of this Society will wear mourning, connected with the badge of this Society during ſix months.

Reſolved, That a ſtrip of black Ribband, paſſing along the centre of the Ribband of the Order, be added on this occaſion.

The following reſolutions were moved by Gen. Macpherſon and unanimouſly adopted.

Reſolved, That Major Jackſon, be requeſted to prepare and pronounce an Euloginm on the character of General Waſhington, embracing a ſummary review of his Civil and Military ſervices; and that the ſame be delivered before this Society on Saturday the 22d day of February next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at ſuch place as the Standing Committee to whom the arrangements of the day are referred, ſhall determine.

Reſolved, That the Preſident of the United States and his family—the Vice-Preſident of the United States, the Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, the Members of both Houſes of Congreſs, the Heads of Departments, the Judiciary, and ſuch other Officers of the General and State Governments as may then be in Philadelphia, be reſpectfully invited to honor the Society with their preſence on the occaſion.

[redacted]

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) Nov 7.

By the veſſel from Martinique, we are informed that a Guinea ſhip, not one quarter ſlaved, had arrived there, and brought accounts that three French frigates had appeared on the coaſt; that they were doubly armed, and had taken the whole of our factories on the Gold Coaſt, and deſtroyed the ſhipping, to the amount of upwards of 60 ſail; they were then to proceed to the coaſt of Angola.

November 3.

It gives us extreme pleaſure to find that the Hon. Houſe of Aſſembly have, in conſequence of the moſt gallant behaviour of Captain Hamilton, of the Surprize frigate, in cutting out the Hermoine, out of Porto Cavello, voted the ſum of three hundred guineas to purchaſe a ſword.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

House of Repreſentatives.

Thurſday, Nov. 14.

The repreſentatives of the good people of this commonwealth in general aſſembly convened, have maturely conſidered the anſwers of ſundry ſtates in the Union, to their reſolutions paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion, reſpecting certain unconſtitutional laws of Congreſs, commonly called the alien and ſedition laws, would be faithleſs indeed to themſelves, and to thoſe they repreſent, were they ſilently to acquieſce in the principles and doctrines attempted to be maintained in all thoſe anſwers, that of Virginia only excepted. To again enter the field of argument, and attempt more fully or forcibly to expoſe the unconſtitutionality of theſe obnoxious laws, would it is apprehended be as unneceſſary as unavailing. We cannot, however, but lament, that in the diſcuſſion of thoſe intereſting ſubjects, by ſundry of the legiſlatures of our ſiſter ſtates, unfounded ſuggeſtions, and uncandid inſinuations derogatory of the true character and principles of the good people of this commonwealth, have been ſubſtituted in place of fair reaſoning and ſound arguments.—Our opinion of thoſe alarming meaſures of the general government, together with our reaſons for thoſe opinions, were detailed with decency and with temper, and ſubmitted to the diſcuſſion and judgment of our fellow-citizens throughout the Union. Whether the like decency and temper have been obſerved in the anſwers of moſt of thoſe ſtates who have denied or attempted to obviate the great truths contained in thoſe reſolutions, we have now only to ſubmit to a candid world. Faithful to the true principles of the federal union, unconſcious of any deſign to diſturb the harmony of that Union, and anxious only to eſcape the fangs of deſpotiſm; the good people of this commonwealth are regardleſs of cenſure or calumniation. Leaſt however the ſilence of this commonwealth ſhould be conſtrued into an acquieſcence in the doctrines and principles advanced and attempted to be maintained by the ſaid anſwers, or at leaſt thoſe of our fellow-citizens throughout the Union, who ſo widely differ from us in thoſe important ſubjects, ſhould be deluded by the expectation that we ſhall be deterred from what we conceive our duty; or ſhrink from the principles contained in thoſe reſolutions: therefore,

Reſolved, That this commonwealth conſiders the federal union, upon the terms and for the purpoſes ſpecified in the late compact as conducive to the liberty and happineſs of the ſeveral ſtates: That it does now unequivocally declare its attachment to the Union, and to that compact, agreeably to its obvious and real intention, and will be among the laſt to ſeek its diſſolution: That if thoſe who adminiſter the general government be permitted to trangreſs the limits, fixed by that compact, by a total diſregard to the ſpecial delegations of power therein contained, an annihilitation of the ſtate governments and the erection upon the ruins of a general conſolidated government, will be the inevitable conſequence that the principle and conſtruction contended for by ſundry of the ſtate legiſlatures, that the general government is the excluſive judge of the extent of the powers delegated to it, ſtop nothing ſhort of deſpotiſm; ſince the *diſcretion* of thoſe who adminiſter the government, and not the *conſtitution*, would be the meaſure of their powers: That the ſeveral ſtates who formed that inſtrument, being ſovereign and independent, have the unqueſtionable right to judge of its infraction; and that nullification, by thoſe ſovereignties, of all unauthorized acts done under colour of that inſtrument, is the rightful remedy: That this commonwealth does upon the moſt deliberate re-conſideration declare, that the ſaid alien and ſedition laws, are in their opinion, palpable violations of the ſaid conſtitution; and however cheerfully it may be diſpoſed to ſurrender its opinion to a majority of its ſiſter ſtates in matters of ordinary or doubtful policy; yet in momentous regulations like the preſent, which ſo vitally wound the beſt rights of the citizen, it would conſider a ſilent acquieſcence as highly criminal: That although this commonwealth is a party to the federal compact, will bow to the laws of the Union, yet it does at the ſame time declare, that it will not now, nor ever hereafter, ceaſe to oppoſe in a conſtitutional manner, every attempt from what quarter ſoever offered, to violate that compact: *And finally*, in order that no pretexts or arguments may be drawn from a ſuppoſed acqueſcence on the part of this commonwealth in the conſtitutionality of thoſe laws, and be thereby uſed as precedents for ſimilar future violations of the federal compact—this commonwealth does now enter againſt them, its *Solemn Protest*.

ALEXANDRIA, December 18.

General Waſhington's remains will be at twelve o'clock this day, depoſited in the family vault.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 13.

By the Portland Gazette, we are put in poſſeſſion of ſome STATE PAPERS.—But we have not room to inſert them at full length, and as it will no doubt be more convenient and ſatisfactory to our readers, we ſhall give their contents in ſummary.

The firſt is a Proviſional Treaty between Ruſſia and Great-Britain, 18th Dec. '98.

Art. 1. Expreſſes the intention of both powers to employ their utmoſt endeavours to induce Pruſſia to join the coalition. Ruſſia to ſend 45,000 men as ſoon as this is effected.

2, 3, and 4. England to pay for the employment of this force, a ſum of 225,000 pounds ſterling, and a ſubſidy of 75,000 per month during the time employed.

5. The parties not to make peace or armiſtice but by common conſent.

6. If any tranſgreſſion on Ruſſia ſhould render it neceſſary to recall her troops home, the ſubſidy to ceaſe; and if Great-Britain ſhould, by unforeſeen events, think it expedient to conclude a peace, ſhe muſt pay three months ſubſidy in advance.

7 and 8. Ruſſia to advance the ſubſidy ſtipulated by England for the 45,000; and at the termination of war, England aſſumes the debt.

9. No movements till Pruſſia declare herſelf. (Signed)

BEZBERODKO,
KOTSCHGHOUBEY,
ROSTOPSIN,
C. WHITWORTH.

DECLARATION.

Pruſſia adhering to her ſyſtem of neutrality the two parties are reſolved nevertheleſs to employ againſt the common enemy the ſpecified force.

CONVENTION

Between Ruſſia and England 11th June, '99.

Art. 1. As the expulſion of the French from the ſeven United Provinces muſt be of great moment, Ruſſia for this purpoſe agrees to contribute 17,000 men, and England 13,000.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7th articles ſtipulate the manner in which the Ruſſian troops are to be tranſported from Revel, and that England pay a ſubſidy of 44,000 pounds ſterling, for the expence of tranſportation and maintenance. The remaining articles unimportant.

(Signed as above)

SEPARATE ARTICLES.

Art. 1. To expedite matters, Ruſſia to furniſh 6 ſhips of the line and frigates to aſſiſt in tranſportation of her troops.

2. That England for this Loan, pay 20,000 pounds per month, and provide for the crews until their return.

3 and 4. If theſe ſhips ſhould not be able to return before winter, that England allow them to remain in her ports.

(Signed as above.)

Daily Advertiſer.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Secretary of the Treaſury has ſubmitted to Congreſs, various reports of Mr. James Hoban, ſuperintendant of public buildings in Waſhington, by which it appears, that they are not yet completed, but may perhaps be ready at the time appointed for the reception of the Officers of Government, and accommodation of Congreſs.

THE PRESIDENT's HOUSE

wants 32,480 dollars, according to Mr Hoban's, ſtatement, to be completely finiſhed.

All the external and internal ſtone and brick work of the north wing of the

CAPITOL

is carried to its full height and roofed.

THE SENATE CHAMBER.

is floored, roofed, and in conſiderable forwardneſs. This room is ſemi-eliptical, 86 by 48 feet and 41 feet high, has 16 columns of the ionic order, and the ſeats are to form an amphitheatre, 110 feet in circumference.

THE REPRESENTATIVES CHAMBER

which is 86 by 35 feet and 36 feet high, with its galleries is floored, as alſo are five rooms, adjoining for committees.

The ſuperintendant reports, that if he retains all the workmen now employed—the Capitol can be completed, by the firſt of next February.

THR TREASURY OFFICE

is nearly finiſhed—but the foundation and partition walls of

THE WAR-OFFICE

are only raiſed to the level of the ſtreet.

FUNDS.

The Commiſſioners have only 1347 dollars caſh in hand, but there are 180,000 due now on ſales of lots, and nearly 300,000 dollars will fall due in 1801.

BOSTON, December 20.

HOUSE AND LAND TAX.

By an Abſtract of the Valuation of Houſes and Lands in the State of *Maſſachuſetts*, made purſuant to an Act of Congreſs, we find that

The number of Dwelling-Houſes included in the Valuation is 50,449. Their Value with the out-houſes and lots appurtenant thereto, 25,003,216 dollars.

The number of Dwelling-Houſes with their out-houſes, of a value not exceeding 100 dollars, 18,733; and the number of acres of land included in the valuation 7,831,028. Their value, 62,587,332 dollars and 80 cents. *Maſſachuſetts* proportion of the direct tax is 260,435 dollars 31 cents, 2 mills. Of this ſum, there will be raiſed on Dwelling-Houſes, 83,866 dollars, 3 cents, 2 mills. This leaves to be aſſeſſed on Lands, and Houſes valued at 100 dollars and under, 176,569 dollars, 28 cents: the value of theſe houſes and lands being 62,587,332 dollars, 80 cents, a tax of 2 dollars, 82 cents, 1 mill and 1-6th of a mill, on 1000 dollars, will produce the ſum required.—18,733 Dwelling-Houſes, valued at 100 dollars and under, are not included in the valuation of houſes, but are taxed with the lands; and 675 Dwelling-Houſes, together with 13 millions, 364 acres of Land, are totally exempted from the tax.

Number of Houſes of the 1ſt claſs, from 100 to 500 dollars value,	38,771
2d. From 500 to 1000 dollars,	7,049
3d. From 1000 to 3000 dolls.	3,578
4th. From 3000 to 6000 dolls.	694
5th. From 6000 to 10,000 dolls.	143
6th. From 10,000 to 15,000 dolls.	33
7th. From 15,000 to 20,000 dolls.	13
8th. From 20,000 to 30,000 dolls.	5
9th. Above 30,000 dollars, - -	1

A late Paris paper contains a minute account of a Duel between Madame Tallien and Madamoiſelle Lange, a celebrated Actreſs.—The affair aroſe from Barras' transferring his affections from the former to the latter. Madame T. ſent the challenge, which was accepted—and the fair Combatants met in the *Wood of Bologne*, and exchanged two ſhot each, after which the magnanimous Actreſs fired her piſtols in the air, declaring ſhe did not come there as an aſſaſſin, and the parties ſeparated.

A very valuable diſcovery has been made by a Mr. Achand, a Pruſſian, of manufacturing ſugar, from white beet root. It is already brought to a high degree of perfection in Pruſſia, and it is ſaid, can be afforded at a fifth part of the expenſe of that which is now imported from India. The beſt kind of beets for the purpoſe are thoſe where the ſkin is of a reddiſh colour and the fleſh white. It is ſaid that twenty pounds of the root will yield one pound of ſugar.—By computation it appears that a piece of land containing ſixteen Engliſh ſquare miles will produce a quantity of beets ſufficient to ſupply the whole Pruſſian dominions with ſugar. The method of making it is not very diſſimilar to that practiſed with the ſap of the maple. After cleaning and cutting fine the roots, the juice is extracted from them by preſſes, and then boiled in cauldrons till it comes to a proper conſiſtence for cryſtalization. This promiſes fair to be one of the moſt uſeful diſcoveries of modern times.

A few days ſince, a ſhark came on ſhore at Aniſquam, having been injured by running on Cape Ann bar, which was taken and killed. It was 27 feet in length, remarkably bulky, and its liver produced 160 gallons of oil, when gnaged in this town.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Vienna Court Gazette, of Oct. 5 (probably the lateſt from which any extract has been made, that has appeared in the United States) has an account of the taking of Pignerol, in Italy, by ſtorm, from the French.——Several hundred priſoners were made, and a number of pieces of cannon were taken. Prince Lichtenſtein commanded; and the Auſtrians' loſs was inconſiderable. Gen. Bellegarde, was ſucceſsful at the ſame time, in an expedition againſt Suza. The Auſtrians alſo took Rivoli, an important paſs, in the plains of Piedmont.—The French were driven beyond St. Antonio; and loſt 1000 men, 400 of whom were made priſoners. The Auſtrians loſt 230 men and 51 horſes. The ſame Gazette contains the Archduke Charles' ſtatement of affairs in Switzerland to Sept. 25. He mentions the death of Gen. Hotze; and ſays the "neceſſary plans are arranged for the ſecurity of the Griſon Country and the

The Senate of the United States have come to an order, that the members wear black during the ſeſſion, and that the chair of the Preſident be ſhrouded with black, overhung with curtains of black, and the whole chamber lined in a ſimilar manner—as a teſtimony of reſpect for the memory of their beloved and regretted late fellow-citizen, George Waſhington.

In conſequence of the afflicting intelligence of the death of GENERAL WASHINGTON, Mrs. Adams' drawing room is deferred to Friday the 27th, when the Ladies are reſpectfully requeſted to wear white, trimmed with black ribbon, black gloves and fans, as a token of reſpect to the memory of the late Preſident of the United States; The Ladies of the officers of the general government will pleaſe to wear black.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

The Preſident, with deep regret, announces to the army the death of its beloved Chief, General *GEORGE WASHINGTON*.—Sharing in the grief, which every heart muſt feel for ſo heavy, and afflicting a public loſs, and deſirous to expreſs the high ſenſe of the vaſt debt of gratitude which is due to the virtues, talents, and ever memorable ſervices of the illuſtrious deceaſed, he directs that funeral honours be paid to him at all the military ſtations, and that the officers of the army and of the ſeveral corps of volunteers, wear crape on the left arm, by way of mourning, for ſix months. Major-General Hamilton will give the neceſſary orders for carrying into effect the foregoing directions.

Given at the War-Office of the United States, in Philadelphia, this 19th day of December, A. D. 1799, and in the 24th year of the Independence of the ſaid States.

By command of the Preſident,
JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
20th December, 1799.

The Preſident, with deep affliction, announces to the Navy, and to the Marines, the death of our beloved fellow-citizen George Waſhington, Commander of our Armies, and late Preſident of the United States; but rendered more illuſtrious by his eminent virtues, and a long ſeries of the moſt important ſervices, than by the honours which his grateful country delighted to confer upon him.

Deſirous that the Navy and Marines ſhould expreſs, in common with every other deſcription of American citizens, the high ſenſe which all feel of the loſs our country has ſuſtained in the death of this good and great man; the Preſident directs that the veſſels of the Navy, in our own and in foreign ports, be put into mourning for one week, by wearing their colours half-maſt high: and that the Officers of the Navy and of the Marines, wear crape on the left arm, below the elbow, for ſix months.

BEN. STODDERT.

CINCINNATI.

At a meeting of the Pennſylvania State Society of the Cincinnati, held at the State-Houſe, in Philadelphia, on the 21ſt of December, 1799,

BRIGADIER-GEN. MACPHERSON
IN THE CHAIR,

The following Reſolutions were moved by Major JACKSON, and unanimouſly adopted:

Reſolved, That in veneration of the exalted virtues, patriotiſm, and public ſervices of our late moſt excellent, beloved, and ever to be lamented Preſident General, George Waſhington,—and as a tribute of the deepeſt ſorrow, and moſt affectionate attachment to his endeared and illuſtrious memory, the Members of this Society will wear mourning, connected with the badge of this Society during ſix months.

Reſolved, That a ſtrip of black Ribband, paſſing along the centre of the Ribband of the Order, be added on this occaſion.

The following reſolutions were moved by Gen. Macpherſon and unanimouſly adopted.

Reſolved, That Major Jackſon, be requeſted to prepare and pronounce an Euloginm on the character of General Waſhington, embracing a ſummary review of his Civil and Military ſervices; and that the ſame be delivered before this Society on Saturday the 22d day of February next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at ſuch place as the Standing Committee to whom the arrangements of the day are referred, ſhall determine.

Reſolved, That the Preſident of the United States and his family—the Vice-Preſident of the United States, the Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, the Members of both Houſes of Congreſs, the Heads of Departments, the Judiciary, and ſuch other Officers of the General and State Governments as may then be in Philadelphia, be reſpectfully invited to honor the Society with their preſence on the occaſion.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) Nov 7.

By the veſſel from Martinique, we are informed that a Guinea ſhip, not one quarter ſlaved, had arrived there, and brought accounts that three French frigates had appeared on the coaſt; that they were doubly armed, and had taken the whole of our factories on the Gold Coaſt, and deſtroyed the ſhipping, to the amount of upwards of 60 ſail; they were then to proceed to the coaſt of Angola.

November 8.

It gives us extreme pleaſure to find that the Hon. Houſe of Aſſembly have, in conſequence of the moſt gallant behaviour of Captain Hamilton, of the Surprize frigate, in cutting out the Hermoine, out of Porto Cavello, voted the ſum of three hundred guineas to purchaſe a ſword.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

House of Representatives.
Thurſday, Nov. 14.

The repreſentatives of the good people of this commonwealth in general aſſembly convened, have maturely conſidered the anſwers of ſundry ſtates in the Union, to their reſolutions paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion, reſpecting certain unconſtitutional laws of Congreſs, commonly called the alien and ſedition laws, would be faithleſs indeed to themſelves, and to thoſe they repreſent, were they ſilently to acquieſce in the principles and doctrines attempted to be maintained in all thoſe anſwers, that of Virginia only excepted. To again enter the field of argument, and attempt more fully or forcibly to expoſe the unconſtitutionality of theſe obnoxious laws, would it is apprehended be as unneceſſary as unavailing. We cannot, however, but lament, that in the diſcuſſion of thoſe intereſting ſubjects, by ſundry of the legiſlatures of our ſiſter ſtates, unfounded ſuggeſtions, and uncandid inſinuations derogatory of the true character and principles of the good people of this commonwealth, have been ſubſtituted in place of fair reaſoning and ſound arguments.—Our opinion of thoſe alarming meaſures of the general government, together with our reaſons for thoſe opinions, were detailed with decency and with temper, and ſubmitted to the diſcuſſion and judgment of our fellow-citizens throughout the Union. Whether the like decency and temper have been obſerved in the anſwers of moſt of thoſe ſtates who have denied or attempted to obviate the great truths contained in thoſe reſolutions, we have now only to ſubmit to a candid world. Faithful to the true principles of the federal union, unconſcious of any deſign to diſturb the harmony of that Union, and anxious only to eſcape the fangs of deſpotiſm; the good people of this commonwealth are regardleſs of cenſure or calumniation. Leaſt however the ſilence of this commonwealth ſhould be conſtrued into an acquieſcence in the doctrines and principles advanced and attempted to be maintained by the ſaid anſwers, or at leaſt thoſe of our fellow-citizens throughout the Union, who ſo widely differ from us in thoſe important ſubjects, ſhould be deluded by the expectation that we ſhall be deterred from what we conceive our duty; or ſhrink from the principles contained in thoſe reſolutions: therefore,

Reſolved, That this commonwealth conſiders the federal union, upon the terms and for the purpoſes ſpecified in the late compact as conducive to the liberty and happineſs of the ſeveral ſtates: That it does now unequivocally declare its attachment to the Union, and to that compact, agreeably to its obvious and real intention, and will be among the laſt to ſeek its diſſolution: That if thoſe who adminiſter the general government be permitted to trangreſs the limits, fixed by that compact, by a total diſregard to the ſpecial delegations of power therein contained, an annihilitation of the ſtate governments and the erection upon the ruins of a general conſolidated government, will be the inevitable conſequence that the principle and conſtruction contended for by ſundry of the ſtate legiſlatures; that the general government is the excluſive judge of the extent of the powers delegated to it, ſtop nothing ſhort of deſpotiſm; ſince the *diſcretion* of thoſe who adminiſter the government, and not the *conſtitution*, would be the meaſure of their powers: That the ſeveral ſtates who formed that inſtrument, being ſovereign and independent, have the unqueſtionable right to judge of its infraction; and that nullification, by thoſe ſovereignties, of all unauthorized acts done under colour of that inſtrument, is the rightful remedy: That this commonwealth does upon the moſt deliberate re-conſideration declare, that the ſaid alien and ſedition laws, are in their opinion, palpable violations of the ſaid conſtitution; and however cheerfully it may be diſpoſed to ſurrender its opinion to a majority of its ſiſter ſtates in matters of ordinary or doubtful policy; yet in momentous regulations like the preſent, which ſo vitally wound the beſt rights of the citizen, it would conſider a ſilent acquieſcence as highly criminal: That although this commonwealth is a party to the federal compact, will bow to the laws of the Union, yet it does at the ſame time declare, that it will not now, nor ever hereafter, ceaſe to oppoſe in a conſtitutional manner, every attempt from what quarter ſoever offered, to violate that compact: *And finally*, in order that no pretexts or arguments may be drawn from a ſuppoſed acqueſcence on the part of this commonwealth in the conſtitutionality of thoſe laws, and be thereby uſed as precedents for ſimilar future violations of the federal compact—this commonwealth does now enter againſt them, its *Solemn Protest*.

ALEXANDRIA, December 18.

General Waſhington's remains will be at twelve o'clock this day, depoſited in the family vault.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 13.

By the Portland Gazette, we are put in poſſeſſion of ſome STATE PAPERS.—But we have not room to inſert them at full length, and as it will no doubt be more convenient and ſatisfactory to our readers, we ſhall give their contents in ſummary.

The firſt is a Proviſſional Treaty between Ruſſia and Great-Britain, 18th Dec. '98.

Art. 1. Expreſſes the intention of both powers to employ their utmoſt endeavours to induce Pruſſia to join the coalition. Ruſſia to ſend 45,000 men as ſoon as this is effected.

2, 3, and 4. England to pay for the employment of this force, a ſum of 225,000 pounds ſterling, and a ſubſidy of 75,000 per month during the time employed.

5. The parties not to make peace or armiſtice but by common conſent.

6. If any tranſgreſſion on Ruſſia ſhould render it neceſſary to recall her troops home, the ſubſidy to ceaſe; and if Great-Britain ſhould, by unforeſeen events, think it expedient to conclude a peace, ſhe muſt pay three months ſubſidy in advance.

7 and 8. Ruſſia to advance the ſubſidy ſtipulated by England for the 45,000; and at the termination of war, England aſſumes the debt.

9. No movements till Pruſſia declare herſelf. (Signed)

BEZBERODKO,
KOTSCHGHOUBEY,
ROSTOPSIN,
C. WHITWORTH.

DECLARATION.

Pruſſia adhering to her ſyſtem of neutrality the two parties are reſolved nevertheleſs to employ againſt the common enemy the ſpecified force.

CONVENTION

Between Ruſſia and England 11th June, '99.

Art. 1. As the expulſion of the French from the ſeven United Provinces muſt be of great moment, Ruſſia for this purpoſe agrees to contribute 17,000 men, and England 13,000.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7th articles ſtipulate the manner in which the Ruſſian troops are to be tranſported from Revel, and that England pay a ſubſidy of 44,000 pounds ſterling, for the expence of tranſportation and maintenance. The remaining articles unimportant.

(Signed as above)

SEPARATE ARTICLES.

Art. 1. To expedite matters, Ruſſia to furniſh 6 ſhips of the line and frigates to aſſiſt in tranſportation of her troops.

2. That England for this Loan, pay 20,000 pounds per month, and provide for the crews until their return.

3 and 4. If theſe ſhips ſhould not be able to return before winter, that England allow them to remain in her ports.

(Signed as above.)

Daily Advertiſer.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Secretary of the Treaſury has ſubmitted to Congreſs, various reports of Mr. James Hoban, ſuperintendant of public buildings in Waſhington, by which it appears, that they are not yet completed, but may perhaps be ready at the time appointed for the reception of the Officers of Government, and accommodation of Congreſs.

THE PRESIDENT'S HOUSE
wants 32,480 dollars, according to Mr Hoban's, ſtatement, to be completely finiſhed.

All the external and internal ſtone and brick work of the north wing of the
CAPITOL
is carried to its full height and roofed.

THE SENATE CHAMBER.
is floored, roofed, and in conſiderable forwardneſs. This room is ſemi-eliptical, 86 by 48 feet aud 41 feet high, has 16 columns of the ionic order, and the ſeats are to form an amphitheatre, 110 feet in circumference.

THE REPRESENTATIVES CHAMBER
which is 86 by 35 feet and 36 feet high, with its galleries is floored, as alſo are five rooms, adjoining for committees.

The ſuperintendant reports, that if he retains all the workmen now employed—the Capitol can be completed, by the firſt of next February.

THR TREASURY OFFICE
is nearly finiſhed—but the foundation and partition walls of
THE WAR-OFFICE
are only raiſed to the level of the ſtreet.

FUNDS.

The Commiſſioners have only 1347 dollars caſh in hand, but there are 180,000 due now on ſales of lots, and nearly 300,000 dollars will fall due in 1801.

BOSTON, December 20.

HOUSE AND LAND TAX.

By an Abſtract of the Valuation of Houſes and Lands in the State of *Maſſachuſetts*, made purſuant to an Act of Congreſs, we find that

The number of Dwelling-Houſes included in the Valuation is 50,449. Their Value, with the out-houſes and lots appurtenant thereto, 25,003,216 dollars.

The number of Dwelling-Houſes with their out-houſes, of a value not exceeding 100 dollars, 18,733; and the number of acres of land included in the valuation 7,831,028. Their value, 62,587,332 dollars and 80 cents. *Maſſachuſetts* proportion of the direct tax is 260,435 dollars 31 cents, 2 mills. Of this ſum, there will be raiſed on Dwelling-Houſes, 83,866 dollars, 3 cents, 2 mills. This leaves to be aſſeſſed on Lands, and Houſes valued at 100 dollars and under, 176,569 dollars, 28 cents: the value of theſe houſes and lands being 62,587,332 dollars, 80 cents, a tax of 2 dollars, 82 cents, 1 mill and 1-6th of a mill, on 1000 dollars, will produce the ſum required.—18,733 Dwelling-Houſes, valued at 100 dollars and under, are not included in the valuation of houſes, but are taxed with the lands; and 675 Dwelling-Houſes, together with 13 millions, 384 acres of Land, are totally exempted from the tax.

Number of Houſes of the 1ſt claſs, from 100 to 500 dollars value,	38,771
2d. From 500 to 1000 dollars,	7,049
3d. From 1000 to 3000 dolls.	3,378
4th. From 3000 to 6000 dolls.	694
5th. From 6000 to 10,000 dolls.	143
6th. From 10,000 to 15,000 dolls.	33
7th. From 15,000 to 20,000 dolls.	13
8th. From 20,000 to 30,000 dolls.	5
9th. Above 30,000 dollars, - -	1

A late Paris paper contains a minute account of a Duel between Madame Tallien and Madamoiſelle Lange, a celebrated Actreſs.—The affair aroſe from Barras' transferring his affections from the former to the latter. Madame T. ſent the challenge, which was accepted—and the fair Combatants met in the *Wood of Bologne*, and exchanged two ſhot each, after which the magnanimous Actreſs fired her piſtols in the air, declaring ſhe did not come there as an aſſaſſin, and the parties ſeparated.

A very valuable diſcovery has been made by a Mr. Achand, a Pruſſian, of manufacturing ſugar, from white beet root. It is already brought to a high degree of perfection in Pruſſia, and it is ſaid, can be afforded at a fifth part of the expenſe of that which is now imported from India. The beſt kind of beets for the purpoſe are thoſe where the ſkin is of a reddiſh colour and the fleſh white. It is ſaid that twenty pounds of the root will yield one pound of ſugar.—By computation it appears that a piece of land containing ſixteen Engliſh ſquare miles will produce a quantity of beets ſufficient to ſupply the whole Pruſſian dominions with ſugar. The method of making it is not very diſſimilar to that practiſed with the ſap of the maple. After cleaning and cutting fine the roots, the juice is extracted from them by preſſes, and then boiled in cauldrons till it comes to a proper conſiſtence for cryſtalization. This promiſes fair to be one of the moſt uſeful diſcoveries of modern times.

A few days ſince, a ſhark came on ſhore at Aniſquam, having been injured by running on Cape Ann bar, which was taken and killed. It was 27 feet in length, remarkably bulky, and its liver produced 160 gallons of oil, when guaged in this town.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Vienna Court Gazette, of Oct. 5 (probably the lateſt from which any extract has been made, that has appeared in the United States) has an account of the taking of Pignerol, in Italy, by ſtorm, from the French.——Several hundred priſoners were made, and a number of pieces of cannon were taken. Prince Lichtenſtein commanded; and the Auſtrians' loſs was inconſiderable. Gen. Bellegarde, was ſucceſsful at the ſame time, in an expedition againſt Suza. The Auſtrians alſo took Rivoli, an important paſs, in the plains of Piedmont.—The French were driven beyond St. Antonio; and loſt 8000 men, 400 of whom were made priſoners. The Auſtrians loſt 230 men and 51 horſes. The ſame Gazette contains the Archduke Charles' ſtatement of affairs in Switzerland to Sept. 25. He mentions the death of Gen. Hotze; and ſays the "neceſſary plans are arranged for the ſecurity of the Griſon Country and the

Voralberg." He adds, that he is marching towards Switzerland, leaving a ſufficient force to cover Manheim.

The Archduke's head-quarters were at Donaueſchingen, Oct. 4; a body of Ruſſians were at Tengen. A Grand Council of War was ſitting. The reſult was doubtleſs important.

From the 1ſt to the 26th of September there were 32 failures, at Hamburgh. Since then the principal banker has failed for 18 millions, and has aſked for and been granted four months to extricate himſelf. Bankruptcies were increaſing. There have been two failures at Bremen. Confidence is baniſhed; and Jealouſy has taken its place.

Salem Paper.

The Swiſs women, in a late action, took the ſide of the Imperialiſts againſt the French. They fought with *arms* in ſome meaſure ſuitable to their ſex. The French attacked a ſmall village, where the women threw boiling water upon them, and before the place was taken the troops found it the *hotteſt* action in which they had been engaged the whole war.—The number of theſe *hot water warriors* taken, amounted to ſeven hundred and fifty.

The Commiſſioners of the Sinking Fund have reported, that ſince the 13th of Dec. 1798, they have applied 1,034,938 dolls. towards the diſcharge of the principal debt of the United States.

NEW-BEDFORD, December 27.

From the letter of a Gentleman, paſſenger on board the ſhip Factor, Capt. Kemp, (arrived at New-York on the 22d inſt. from London) to a friend in this town, we have obtained the following information:—That the Factor left London on the 2d and Falmouth on the 24th October.

"The La Lutine Engliſh Frigate of 32 Guns, with all on board except one man, was unhappily loſt on the coaſt of Holland, about the 10th of October.—She had on board an immenſe ſum in ſpecie, by ſome accounts upwards of £200,000 Sterling, and by others near half a million; which was deſtined for the relief of the merchants in Hamburgh.—Weſt-India produce of moſt kinds has fallen from thirty to forty per cent. in London, and more in Hamburgh—The markets are completely overſtocked, and the ſales almoſt wholly at a ſtand.—Tobacco is if poſſible ſtill worſe; our Georgia cotton is alſo at a ſtand, and without price; our other produce is doing pretty well.

"A good deal of alarm has been excited in England on account of the injury which the harveſt has ſuſtained from the weather: it certainly has been ſhort, but I have good reaſon to believe not ſo ſcanty as to cauſe all the apprehenſion which was entertained. The Government has granted permiſſion, for the importation of grain into the kingdom, duty free, for a year, in conſequence; but the preſent prices will not afford the importation from America, though I doubt not ſpeculators will engage in it."

NEWPORT, *December* 31.

On Saturday laſt arrived the Ship Hope, Capt. Robert Robertſon, in 117 Days from Batavia—ſailed in Company with the Ship Hannah, Capt. Charles Derby, of and for Boſton, with whom he parted in Lat. 27, S. Longitude 45, E.—all well.—Left at Batavia, the Ships Richmond, Capt. Glen, of Philadelphia, and Sidney, Capt. Nickerſon, of Baltimore, expecting to ſail in the Courſe of 10 or 12 Days.—On the outward-bound Paſſage, the Hope was ſtruck by Lightning off the Cape of Good-Hope, by which unfortunate Circumſtance Two Men were inſtantaneouſly killed, viz. Nicholas Potter, of South-Kingſtown, and John Duet of this Place, and Two others burnt, One of them in a moſt ſhocking Manner; the Ship received no Kind of Injury.—On the outward-bound Paſſage, Charles L. Potter, of Portſmouth, the 2d Mate, and Benedict Helme, the Carpenter, of South-Kingſtown, *died*.—Mr. Brattell, 1ſt Mate, and Part of the Crew of the Ship Ruſſell, owned in this Place, returned in the Hope; the Ruſſell having been unfortunately captured on her outward Paſſage, in the Straits of Sunda, by the ſame French Privateer, that had before taken the Aurora, of Philadelphia. Capt. Wood, Mr. Audley Clarke, the Supercargo, and Two Boys, went in the Ship to the Iſle of France; and Mr. Breeſe, the 2d Mate, with the Remainder of the Crew, took Paſſage in the Hannah abovementioned.

3d December, in Lat. 22, N. Long. 55, W. ſpoke Schooner Joſeph, Capt. Coleby, of Salem, bound to Berbice, out 20 Days; all well.—11th December, in Lat. 26: 37, N. Long. 63: 59, W. ſpoke Brig Eliza, of Philadelphia, bound to Antigua; the Wind blowing, could not learn the Maſter's Name.—18th December, in Lat. 33: 27, N. Long. 72: 26, W. ſpoke Ship Adventure, Capt. Weatherly or Weatherby, from New-York, bound to New-Providence;—had in a Gale of Wind loſt 40 Horſes off his Decks, and the Ship had ſprung *a Leak*—the Wind blowing very hard, could underſtand Nothing further.

The important Command of the Army devolves on General HAMILTON, who is at preſent in Philadelphia. [*True Amer.*]

A London article of Oct. 10, ſays, That a Mr. H. Jackſon, one of the Iriſh State Priſoners, with two unmarried Daughters, his ſecond Son, and Property to the Amount of 50,000l. on the 30th ult. embarked at Dublin for America. His eldeſt Son remains and Conducts the Foundery and Iron Buſineſs.

Mr. Jackſon and his Family, as mentioned above, have arrived at Norfolk.

The Eſſex Frigate, Capt. Preble, arrived here on Friday laſt, from Salem.

We hear that the Eaſt-India Convoy will ſail from this Port in the Courſe of the enſuing Week.

The univerſal Depreſſion of the public Mind, on the Receipt of the afflicting Intelligence announced in our laſt Paper, continues unabated; and is demonſtrated by the Anxiety every where diſplayed, to make an affectionate Acknowledgment of "the vaſt Debt of Gratitude, which is due to the Virtues, Talents, and ever memorable Services, of the illuſtrious Deceaſed."

In this Town, on Sunday laſt, thoſe of the Fraternity of Free-Maſons, reſident in the Town, together with the Newport Guards, aſſembled at the State-Houſe, before Divine Service in the Afternoon, and proceeded with Drums muffled, and in ſuitable Mourning, to Trinity-Church—where a Diſcourſe, adapted to the Occaſion, was delivered by the Rev. *THEODORE DEHON*—a Diſcourſe was alſo delivered on the Occaſion by the Rev. *WILLIAM PATTEN*, at the Second Congregational Church, and by others of the Clergy.

The Pulpits, &c. of Trinity-Church, and the Rev. Mr. Patten's Meeting-Houſe, were both ſhrouded in Black, on the melancholy Occaſion.

A letter from Alexandria, after relating the death of our beloved GENERAL WASHINGTON, concludes as follows:

"He died perfectly in his Senſes, and from Doctor Dick's Account perfectly reſigned.——He informed them, he had no Fear of Death; that his Affairs were in good Order; that he had made his Will; and that his public Buſineſs was but Two Days behind Hand."

MARRIED]—At Providence, Mr. *Jonathan P. Hitchcock*, to the amiable Miſs *Eliza Donniſon*, Daughter of Capt. Jonathan Donniſon.

DIED.]—At Weſterly, on Monday the 16th Inſtant, very ſuddenly, Mrs. *Abigail Rhodes*, Conſort of Col. James Rhodes.

—In this Town, the 18th Inſtant, Miſs *Abigail Tillingbaſt Mumford*, eldeſt Daughter of Mr. John Mumford, in the 14th Year of her Age.——If aught in youthful Innocence, at the ſolemn Period of Nature's Diſſolution, affords a well grounded Hope of an Inheritance in the bliſsful Abode of our Heavenly Father's Manſion, we truſt her departed Spirit realizes the Fruition of Felicity—Eternal.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Dec. 30.

ENTERED,	*From*
Brig Briſtol, Clarke,	Havanna
Peggy, Topham,	Boſton
Sloop America, Borden,	Richmond
Eagle, Earl,	New-York
Schooner Sally, Howland,	Ditto
Ship Hope, Robinſon,	Batavia
CLEARED,	*For*
Schooner Nancy Wright, Eddy,	Havanna
Brig Sally, Barker,	Jamaica
Sloop General Greene, Waldin,	Providence
Rebecca, Hicks,	Warren
Schooner Victory, Sears,	Cape-Francois
Lively, Fulton,	Shell-Caſtle

NOTICE.

THE Members of the MARINE SOCIETY, are requeſted to meet, at the Houſe of Captain *JOHN LAWTON*, on Tueſday, the 7th of January, 1800;—being their Annual Meeting for the Choice of Officers, and to tranſact ſuch other Buſineſs as may come before them.

Per Order,
E. BURRILL, *Sec'ry.*
Newport, December 30, 1799

The Members of the Newport Aſſociation of Mechanics and Manufacturers, are requeſted to meet at the State-Houſe on the 6th Day of the next Month, at 6 *P. M.*

Per Order,
JOSEPH THURSTON, *Sec'ry.*
31ſt 12th *Month*, 1799.

Doctor KING's
MOST reſpectful Compliments to the Inhabitants of Newport, and its Vicinity—takes this Method to offer his Services, in the Practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY:——In which Practice he has received a *regular* Education.—Credentials of which he is ready to produce, to thoſe who will do him the Honour to call on him, at Mrs. COTTRELL's.

If the moſt ready Attention, joined with a ſincere Wiſh to be uſeful to his Fellow-Citizens, have any Claim to Succeſs, he flatters himſelf he ſhall not be unſucceſsful in his Endeavours to ſerve them.

He likewiſe informs, that he has juſt received a Supply of MEDICINE, genuine and of the lateſt Importation, which he will ſell on as reaſonable Terms, as can be purchaſed in this State.—Apply at Mrs. Cottrell's Shop.

December 30, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE, has juſt received, and has for Sale,

A Variety of ſuperfine broad Cloths of the moſt faſhionable Colours—and Gentlemen's beſt Beaver Hats, of the neweſt Taſte.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

Juſt received a handſome and general aſſortment of faſhionable Dry Goods, ſuited to the ſeaſon, and now opening for ſale, at the foot of the Old Church Lane, in Thames-ſtreet, on the loweſt terms—among which are,

SUPERFINE cloths; ſecond ditto and inferior quality; foreſt cloths and ſerges; ſuperfine caſſimeres; elaſtic cloths and coatings; mixt coatings; baizes and flannels; ſwanſdowns and black ſhag; pins per pack; coloured and white threads; black and black & white galoons; ferrits; thick muſlins; checks; Iriſh linens and platillas per piece, or otherwiſe; a box bedticking; children's hats; calicoes and chintzes; Scotch and India black muſlins; ditto handkerchiefs; jaconet muſlin, and ſprigg'd; dimities and white jean; coloured bordered white handkerchiefs; fine white tiffany; beautiful kid gloves; wildbores and durants; ſtriped calamancoes; lutestrings and black perſians; farſnets and cambricks; Morocco and cloth ſhoes; childrens' Morocco ditto; white and coloured ſewings, per the lb. or otherwiſe; mock tortoiſe combs; Scots carpeting, and table ditto, &c. &c.

By JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

FOR SALE,

And may be entered immediately,

A large, Three-Story Dwelling-Houſe, very conveniently ſituated, in a public Part of the Town, either for a Tavern, or other Buſineſs.——Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, Dec. 30, 1799.

FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

LOST, a Poſt-Note, No. 1258, drawn by the Bank of New-York, in Favour of JAMES NOYES, dated March 25, 1799, for *Five Hundred and Seventy-ſix Dollars and* 14-100*ths*, which Note was indorſed by Samuel Reynolds, in a Letter directed to James Noyes, Weſterly, Rhode-Iſland and under Cover to Rowſe Babcock, Poſt-Maſter, Weſterly, and put into the Poſt-Office in New-York, on the 26th of March, 1799; ſince which, Nothing can be diſcovered of the Note or Letter.——Any Perſon finding ſaid Note, and returning it to Samuel Reynolds, Merchant, New-York, or to Doctor James Noyes, Weſterly, ſhall receive the above Reward.—Payment is ſtopped at the Bank, therefore it cannot be of Uſe to any Perſon.

Weſterly, Dec. 5, 1799.

FOR SALE,

A good new Milch COW.——Apply to

JAMES CHAPPELL.

Newport, December 31, 1799.

WAS taken up adrift, a few Days ſince, an OAK BOAT.——Whoever owns the ſame, by applying to the Subſcriber, and paying Charges, may have her again.

JOSEPH LYON.

Newport, Dec. 31, 1799.

STRAYED from the Subſcriber, a dark brown HORSE, about 14 Hands and an Half high, with a Blaze in his Forehead. Whoever has found, or may find ſaid Horſe, and will return him, or give Notice of him, ſhall be well rewarded.

ASHER ROBBINS.

Newport, 16th Dec. 1799.

The SALE
Of the CARGO of the Ship AMELIA, from Calcutta, conſiſting of

236 Bales of Piece GOODS,
600 Bales Bombay COTTON,
1488 Bags SUGAR, firſt Quality,

will commence on WEDNESDAY, the 8th Day of January next, at 10 o'Clock in the Morning, at the Store of *Iſaac Moſes & Sons, No.* 111, Greenwich-Street, New-York.

ALSO—*At the TONTINE COFFEE-HOUSE, New-York, on MONDAY, the* 13*th of January next,*

The SHIP AMELIA,

as ſhe came from India—Burthen about 400 Tons, built in New-York, coppered to her Bends—well armed, and well found.

New-York, December 24, 1799.

FOR SALE,

THE United States SHIP, GEORGE WASHINGTON, of 32 Guns, now lying in the Harbour of Newport—the principal Part of her Timbers are Live Oak and Red Cedar; ſhe is very burthenſome, and calculated for the INDIA Buſineſs.——To be ſold with, or without her Guns and military Equipment.

Inventory may be ſeen, and the Terms known, by applying to

GIBBS & CHANNING.

December 31, 1799.

Valuable LANDS for Sale.

FOR SALE, in lots of 100, 200 300 and 400 acres, a body of very valuable LANDS, equal in point of ſoil, ſituation and advantages of water carriage, to any lands in the United States. The ſoil has been proved; and is found, on cultivation, to be very fertile in wheat, rye, indian corn, potatoes, and other eſculent vegetables.—The lands are ſituated in the county of Lucerne, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, within 7 miles of a river which is navigable to the ſea for boats of conſiderable burthen; and large rafts of timber, from ſettlements on the ſame river, many miles above theſe lands, are in the proper ſeaſon of the year ſent to Baltimore, Havre-de-Grace, and other places. The lands are about 170 miles north of Philadelphia, 60 miles weſt of Poughkeepſie, on the North River, and about 240 on a direct weſt courſe from Providence. The canal from the mouth of the Suſquehannah, which it is expected will ſoon be accompliſhed, will afford a direct water carriage from the landings near this tract to Philadelphia.

The lands are ſurrounded by ſettlements on all ſides; thoſe of Chenango are about 30 miles to the northward. Several families from this ſtate purchaſed and moved on to a part of theſe lands the laſt ſpring. The ſubſcribers have erected a griſt-mill on the premiſes, for the accommodation of ſettlers. The whole tract is well wooded throughout, having little or no underbruſh. There is a ſufficiency of the ſugar maple, and of white aſh, to afford a permanent ſupply of ſugar and fencing.—The land is not ſtony, rocky or mountainous, nor is it flat or level, but diverſified with hills and vallies, juſt ſufficient to enſure its ſalubrity.

The inhabitants who have been ſettled in its neighbourhood for ſeveral years, have experienced the climate to be very healthy, and the winters moderate. The lands are well watered, having ſeveral good mill-ſeats, and a conſiderable quantity, of natural meadow, ſufficient, in the opinion of good judges, to ſupport 100 head of cattle winter and ſummer. The whole tract has been ſurveyed, and divided into lots of 300 acres, but will be ſold in ſuch quantities as will beſt ſuit the purchaſers; or ſome of it will be leaſed, if deſired.

Real eſtate in Providence or its vicinity will be received in exchange for a part of it, on reaſonable terms. The title is clear and indiſputable, and deeds with warranty will be executed unto the purchaſers by the ſubſcribers; by inquiring of whom, it will be found that the lands now offered for ſale are really inviting to all deſirous of ſettling in a fertile and healthy country, and that the terms, both with reſpect to credit and price, are very moderate.

Perſons deſirous of purchaſing, are requeſted to apply ſoon, as the tract for ſale is not large, containing only about twelve thouſand acres.

BENJAMIN BOURN, *in Briſtol.*
BROWN and IVES, *in Providence.*

December 25.

*** *Thoſe indebted to the Printer hereof, will render him a very eſſential Service, by making Payment at this Time.*

Voralberg." He adds, that he is marching towards Switzerland, leaving a sufficient force to cover Manheim.

The Archduke's head-quarters were at Donaueschingen, Oct. 4; a body of Russians were at Tengen. A Grand Council of War was sitting. The result was doubtless important.

From the 1st to the 26th of September there were 32 failures, at Hamburgh. Since then the principal banker has failed for 18 millions, and has asked for and been granted four months to extricate himself. Bankruptcies were increasing. There have been two failures at Bremen. Confidence is banished; and Jealousy has taken its place.

Salem Paper.

The Swiss women, in a late action, took the side of the Imperialists against the French. They fought with *arms* in some measure suitable to their sex. The French attacked a small village, where the women threw boiling water upon them, and before the place was taken the troops found it the *hottest* action in which they had been engaged the whole war.—The number of these *hot water warriors* taken, amounted to seven hundred and fifty.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have reported, that since the 13th of Dec. 1798, they have applied 1,034,938 dolls. towards the discharge of the principal debt of the United States.

NEW-BEDFORD, December 27.

From the letter of a Gentleman, passenger on board the ship Factor, Capt. Kemp, (arrived at New-York on the 22d inst. from London) to a friend in this town, we have obtained the following information:—That the Factor left London on the 2d and Falmouth on the 24th October.

"The La Lutine English Frigate of 32 Guns, with all on board except one man, was unhappily lost on the coast of Holland, about the 16th of October.—She had on board an immense sum in specie, by some accounts upwards of £200,000 Sterling, and by others near half a million; which was destined for the relief of the merchants in Hamburgh.—West-India produce of most kinds has fallen from thirty to forty per cent. in London, and more in Hamburgh—The markets are completely overstocked, and the sales almost wholly at a stand.—Tobacco is if possible still worse; our Georgia cotton is also at a stand, and without price; our other produce is doing pretty well.

"A good deal of alarm has been excited in England on account of the injury which the harvest has sustained from the weather: it certainly has been short, but I have good reason to believe not so scanty as to cause all the apprehension which was entertained. The Government has granted permission, for the importation of grain into the kingdom, duty free, for a year, in consequence; but the present prices will not afford the importation from America, though I doubt not speculators will engage in it."

NEWPORT, *December* 31.

On Saturday last arrived the Ship Hope, Capt. Robert Robertson, in 117 Days from Batavia—sailed in Company with the Ship Hannah, Capt. Charles Derby, of and for Boston, with whom he parted in Lat. 27, S. Longitude 45, E.—all well.—Left at Batavia, the Ships Richmond, Capt. Glen, of Philadelphia, and Sidney, Capt. Nickerson, of Baltimore, expecting to sail in the Course of 10 or 12 Days.—On the outward-bound Passage, the Hope was struck by Lightning off the Cape of Good-Hope, by which unfortunate Circumstance Two Men were instantaneously killed, viz. Nicholas Potter, of South-Kingstown, and John Duet of this Place, and Two others burnt, One of them in a most shocking Manner; the Ship received no Kind of Injury.—On the outward-bound Passage, Charles L. Potter, of Portsmouth, the 2d Mate, and Benedict Helme, the Carpenter, of South-Kingstown, *died*.—Mr. Brattell, 1st Mate, and Part of the Crew of the Ship Russell, owned in this Place, returned in the Hope; the Russell having been unfortunately captured on her outward Passage, in the Straits of Sunda, by the same French Privateer, that had before taken the Aurora, of Philadelphia. Capt. Wood, Mr. Audley Clarke, the Supercargo, and Two Boys, went in the Ship to the Isle of France; and Mr. Breese, the 2d Mate, with the Remainder of the Crew, took Passage in the Hannah abovementioned.

3d December, in Lat. 22, N. Long. 55, W. spoke Schooner Joseph, Capt. Coleby, of Salem, bound to Berbice, out 20 Days; all well.—11th December, in Lat. 26: 37, N. Long. 63: 59, W. spoke Brig Eliza, of Philadelphia, bound to Antigua; the Wind blowing, could not learn the Master's Name.—18th December, in Lat. 33: 27, N. Long. 72: 26, W. spoke Ship Adventure, Capt. Weatherly or Weatherby, from New-York, bound to New-Providence;—had in a Gale of Wind lost 40 Horses off his Decks, and the Ship had sprung *a Leak*—the Wind blowing very hard, could understand Nothing further.

The important Command of the Army devolves on General HAMILTON, who is at present in Philadelphia. [*True Amer.*]

A London article of Oct. 10, says, That a Mr. H. Jackson, one of the Irish State Prisoners, with two unmarried Daughters, his second Son, and Property to the Amount of 50,000l. on the 30th ult. embarked at Dublin for America. His eldest Son remains and Conducts the Foundery and Iron Business.

Mr. Jackson and his Family, as mentioned above, have arrived at Norfolk.

The Essex Frigate, Capt. Preble, arrived here on Friday last, from Salem.

We hear that the East-India Convoy will sail from this Port in the Course of the ensuing Week.

The universal Depression of the public Mind, on the Receipt of the afflicting Intelligence announced in our last Paper, continues unabated; and is demonstrated by the Anxiety every where displayed, to make an affectionate Acknowledgment of "the vast Debt of Gratitude, which is due to the Virtues, Talents, and ever memorable Services, of the illustrious Deceased."

In this Town, on Sunday last, those of the Fraternity of Free-Masons, resident in the Town, together with the Newport Guards, assembled at the State-House, before Divine Service in the Afternoon, and proceeded with Drums muffled, and in suitable Mourning, to Trinity-Church—where a Discourse, adapted to the Occasion, was delivered by the Rev. *THEODORE DEHON*—a Discourse was also delivered on the Occasion by the Rev. *WILLIAM PATTEN*, at the Second Congregational Church, and by others of the Clergy.

The Pulpits, &c. of Trinity-Church, and the Rev. Mr. Patten's Meeting-House, were both shrouded in Black, on the melancholy Occasion.

A letter from Alexandria, after relating the death of our beloved GENERAL WASHINGTON, concludes as follows:

"He died perfectly in his Senses, and from Doctor Dick's Account perfectly resigned.——He informed them, he had no Fear of Death; that his Affairs were in good Order; that he had made his Will; and that his public Business was but Two Days behind Hand."

MARRIED]—At Providence, Mr. *Jonathan P. Hitchcock*, to the amiable Miss *Eliza Donnison*, Daughter of Capt. Jonathan Donnison.

DIED.]—At Westerly, on Monday the 16th Instant, very suddenly, Mrs. *Abigail Rhodes*, Consort of Col. James Rhodes.

—In this Town, the 18th Instant, Miss *Abigail Tillinghast Mumford*, eldest Daughter of Mr. John Mumford, in the 14th Year of her Age.——If aught in youthful Innocence, at the solemn Period of Nature's Dissolution, affords a well grounded Hope of an Inheritance in the blissful Abode of our Heavenly Father's Mansion, we trust her departed Spirit realizes the Fruition of Felicity—Eternal.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Dec. 30.

ENTERED,	*From*
Brig Bristol, Clarke,	Havanna
Peggy, Topham,	Boston
Sloop America, Borden,	Richmond
Eagle, Earl,	New-York
Schooner Sally, Howland,	Ditto
Ship Hope, Robinson,	Batavia
CLEARED,	*For*
Schooner Nancy Wright, Eddy,	Havanna
Brig Sally, Barker,	Jamaica
Sloop General Greene, Waldin,	Providence
Rebecca, Hicks,	Warren
Schooner Victory, Sears,	Cape-Francois
Lively, Fulton,	Shell-Castle

NOTICE.

THE Members of the MARINE SOCIETY, are requested to meet, at the House of Captain *JOHN LAWTON*, on Tuesday, the 7th of January, 1800;—being their Annual Meeting for the Choice of Officers, and to transact such other Business as may come before them.

Per Order,
E. BURRILL, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, December 30, 1799

The Members of the Newport Association of Mechanics and Manufacturers, are requested to meet at the State-House on the 6th Day of the next Month, at 6 *P. M.*

Per Order,
JOSEPH THURSTON, *Sec'ry.*

31*st* 12*th Month*, 1799.

Doctor KING's

MOST respectful Compliments to the Inhabitants of Newport, and its Vicinity—takes this Method to offer his Services, in the Practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY:——In which Practice he has received a *regular* Education.—Credentials of which he is ready to produce, to those who will do him the Honour to call on him, at Mrs. COTTRELL's.

If the most ready Attention, joined with a sincere Wish to be useful to his Fellow-Citizens, have any Claim to Success, he flatters himself he shall not be unsuccessful in his Endeavours to serve them.

He likewise informs, that he has just received a Supply of MEDICINE, genuine and of the latest Importation, which he will sell on as reasonable Terms, as can be purchased in this State.—Apply at Mrs. Cottrell's Shop.

December 30, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE, has just received, and has for Sale,

A Variety of superfine broad Cloths of the most fashionable Colours—and Gentlemen's best Beaver Hats, of the newest Taste.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

Just received a handsome and general assortment of fashionable Dry Goods, suited to the season, and now opening for sale, at the foot of the Old Church Lane, in Thames-street, on the lowest terms—among which are,

SUPERFINE cloths; second ditto and inferior quality; forest cloths and serges; superfine cassimeres; elastic cloths and coatings; mixt coatings; baizes and flannels; swansdowns and black shag; pins per pack; coloured and white threads; black and black & white galoons; ferrits; thick muslins; checks; Irish linens and platillas per piece, or otherwise; a box bedticking; children's hats; calicoes and chintzes; Scotch and India black muslins; ditto handkerchiefs; jaconet muslin, and sprigg'd; dimities and white jean; coloured bordered white handkerchiefs; fine white tiffany; beautiful kid gloves; wildbores and durants; striped calamancoes; lutestrings and black persians; sarsnets and cambricks; Morocco and cloth shoes; childrens' Morocco ditto; white and coloured sewings, per the lb. or otherwise; mock tortoise combs; Scots carpeting, and table ditto, &c. &c.

By JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

FOR SALE,

And may be entered immediately,

A large, Three-Story Dwelling-House, very conveniently situated, in a public Part of the Town, either for a Tavern, or other Business.——Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, Dec. 30, 1799.

FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

LOST, a Post-Note, No. 1258, drawn by the Bank of New-York, in Favour of JAMES NOYES, dated March 25, 1799, for *Five Hundred and Seventy-six Dollars and* 14-100*ths*, which Note was indorsed by Samuel Reynolds, in a Letter directed to James Noyes, Westerly, Rhode-Island, and under Cover to Rowse Babcock, Post-Master, Westerly, and put into the Post-Office in New-York, on the 26th of March, 1799; since which, Nothing can be discovered of the Note or Letter.——Any Person finding said Note, and returning it to Samuel Reynolds, Merchant, New-York, or to Doctor James Noyes, Westerly, shall receive the above Reward.—Payment is stopped at the Bank, therefore it cannot be of Use to any Person.

Westerly, Dec. 5, 1799.

FOR SALE,

A good new Milch COW.—Apply to

JAMES CHAPPELL.

Newport, December 31, 1799.

WAS taken up adrift, a few Days since, an OAK BOAT.——Whoever owns the same, by applying to the Subscriber, and paying Charges, may have her again.

JOSEPH LYON.

Newport, Dec. 31, 1799.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, a dark brown HORSE, about 14 Hands and an Half high, with a Blaze in his Forehead. Whoever has found, or may find said Horse, and will return him, or give Notice of him, shall be well rewarded.

ASHER ROBBINS.

Newport, 16th Dec. 1799.

The SALE

Of the CARGO of the Ship AMELIA, from Calcutta, consisting of

236 Bales of Piece GOODS,
600 Bales Bombay COTTON,
1488 Bags SUGAR, first Quality,

will commence on WEDNESDAY, the 8th Day of January next, at 10 o'Clock in the Morning, at the Store of *Isaac Moses & Sons, No.* 111, Greenwich-Street, New-York.

ALSO—*At the* TONTINE COFFEE-HOUSE, *New-York, on MONDAY, the* 13*th of January next,*

The SHIP AMELIA,

as she came from India—Burthen about 400 Tons, built in New-York, coppered to her Bends—well armed, and well found.

New-York, December 24, 1799.

FOR SALE,

THE United States SHIP, GEORGE WASHINGTON, of 32 Guns, now lying in the Harbour of Newport—the principal Part of her Timbers are Live Oak and Red Cedar; she is very burthensome, and calculated for the INDIA Business.——To be sold with, or without her Guns and military Equipment.

Inventory may be seen, and the Terms known, by applying to

GIBBS & CHANNING.

December 31, 1799.

Valuable LANDS for Sale.

FOR SALE, in lots of 100, 200 300 and 400 acres, a body of very valuable LANDS, equal in point of soil, situation and advantages of water carriage, to any lands in the United States. The soil has been proved; and is found, on cultivation, to be very fertile in wheat, rye, indian corn, potatoes, and other esculent vegetables.—The lands are situated in the county of Lucerne, and state of Pennsylvania, within 7 miles of a river which is navigable to the sea for boats of considerable burthen; and large ratts of timber, from settlements on the same river, many miles above these lands, are in the proper season of the year sent to Baltimore, Havre-de-Grace, and other places. The lands are about 170 miles north of Philadelphia, 60 miles west of Poughkeepsie, on the North River, and about 240 on a direct west course from Providence. The canal from the mouth of the Susquehannah, which it is expected will soon be accomplished, will afford a direct water carriage from the landings near this tract to Philadelphia.

The lands are surrounded by settlements on all sides; those of Chenango are about 30 miles to the northward. Several families from this state purchased and moved on to a part of these lands the last spring. The subscribers have erected a grist-mill on the premises, for the accommodation of settlers. The whole tract is well wooded throughout, having little or no underbrush. There is a sufficiency of the sugar maple, and of white ash, to afford a permanent supply of sugar and fencing.—The land is not stony, rocky or mountainous, nor is it flat or level, but diversified with hills and vallies, just sufficient to ensure its salubrity.

The inhabitants who have been settled in its neighbourhood for several years, have experienced the climate to be very healthy, and the winters moderate. The lands are well watered, having several good mill-seats, and a considerable quantity, of natural meadow, sufficient, in the opinion of good judges, to support 100 head of cattle winter and summer. The whole tract has been surveyed, and divided into lots of 300 acres, but will be sold in such quantities as will best suit the purchasers; or some of it will be leased, if desired.

Real estate in Providence or its vicinity will be received in exchange for a part of it, on reasonable terms. The title is clear and indisputable, and deeds with warranty will be executed unto the purchasers by the subscribers; by inquiring of whom, it will be found that the lands now offered for sale are really inviting to all desirous of settling in a fertile and healthy country, and that the terms, both with respect to credit and price, are very moderate.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are requested to apply soon, as the tract for sale is not large, containing only about twelve thousand acres.

BENJAMIN BOURN, *in Bristol.*
BROWN and IVES, *in Providence.*

December 25.

*** *Those indebted to the Printer hereof, will render him a very essential Service, by making Payment at this Time.*

Respecting the DEATH of the ILLUSTRIOUS WASHINGTON.

The virtues and ſervices of this unequalled Mortal, having commanded the warmeſt affections of the People of the *United States*—his loſs is felt with a poignancy of grief, which no other misfortune could have cauſed. The ſorrowful Citizen pours with anxious curioſity over every ſentence, which names WASHINGTON—or notes a tribute of reſpect to his hallowed Memory. We, therefore, with ſympathiſing aſſiduity, ſearch the darkened columns of every paper which reaches us, and carefully ſelect each paragraph which involves the intereſting ſubject.

(Boston Mercury.)

"From Vernon's Mount, behold the Hero riſe!
Reſplendent Forms attend him thro' the ſkies!
The ſhades of war-worn veterans round him throng,
And lead, enwrapt, their honor'd Chief along!
A laurel wreath th' Immortal WARREN *bears,*
An arch triumphal, MERCER's *hand prepares,*
Young LAURENCE, *'erſt th' avenging bolt of war,*
With port majeſtic guides the glitt'ring car,
MONTGOMERY's *godlike form directs the way,*
And GREENE *unfolds the gates of endleſs day?*
While Angels, "trumpet-tong'd" proclaim thro' air,
"Due honors for the Firſt of Men *prepare."*

From a Norfolk Paper.

Daniel Breedlove, who during the American war, ſerved with no leſs fidelity as a ſoldier, than he has ſince done in the capacity of a door-keeper, in the Houſe of Delegates of the ſtate of Virginia, was, pending the late election of officers in that ſtate, aſked his politics.

Are you a Republican, Breedlove (ſaid a gentleman of liberal ſentiments, belonging to the Houſe) becauſe, if you are not—even you will be ouſted from office!

A Publican—replied Daniel—what the Devil's that.—I don't know what it means; and by G—d I can make *as good a ſire*, as any man in the United States.

BANK OF RHODE-ISLAND.

THE Stockholders are notified, That in Purſuance of the Ninth Article of the Charter of Incorporation, a Semi-Annual Dividend will be declared and paid, on Monday the 30th Inſtant.

That in Conformity to the Sixth and Seventh Articles of the ſaid Charter, a General Meeting of the Stockholders is to be holden at the State-Houſe, in this Town, on Monday the 6th Day of January next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, for the Election of Directors, and the Tranſaction of ſuch other Buſineſs as may be deemed neceſſary.

Transferring of Shares will ceaſe from the 20th Inſtant, until the 31ſt Inſtant.

By Order of the President & Directors,
M. SEIXAS, *CASHIER.*
Newport, Dec. 17, 1799.

BENJAMIN HADWEN
Has juſt received, and has for Sale at his Store in Thames-ſtreet, Corner of the Old Colony Lane,
A freſh Aſſortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS.
Newport, 2d of 12th Month, 1799.

FOR SALE, BY
GODFREY WENWOOD,
NEW ſuperfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Miſtic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Buſhel or leſs Quantity.
Newport, Oct. 7, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Beſt London White Lead.
Spaniſh Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigreaſe, Pruſſian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Litharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Bruſhes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Bruſhes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varniſh.
Black Ditto.
Window Glaſs & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.
Newport, May 24, 1799.

Newport Insurance Company.

THE Stockholders of the NEWPORT INSURANCE COMPANY are hereby notified, that the Half Yearly Dividend will be declared on Thurſday the 26th Inſtant, and be paid on and after that Day, at the Company's Office.

All Transfers of Shares will ceaſe from this Date until the 26th Inſtant.

The Stockholders are alſo notified, to meet at the Company's Office at 3 o'Clock P. M. on Tueſday the 7th of January next, to chooſe Directors of ſaid Company for the enſuing Year.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JABEZ DENISON, *Sec'ry.*
Wednesday, Dec. 11, 1799.

Lately imported from Canton, in the Ship Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,
By *THOMAS HANDY,*
Freſh TEAS of the firſt Qualities, viz.
GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.

Alſo, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-ſtreet, ſingle and double-refined SUGAR.
Newport, 8th October, 1799.

JOHN BAKER
Has for Sale at his STORE, on Banister's Wharf,
A General Aſſortment of GROCERIES, of the firſt Quality.

Captains of Veſſels and others ſupplied with SEA-STORES, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may rely upon ſupplying themſelves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reaſonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his ſincere Thanks to his Cuſtomers and the Public for paſt, and ſolicits future Favours.
Newport, April 29, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,
At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,
INVITES his Friends, old Cuſtomers and others, to his Shop, where a very handſome Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, juſt imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Caſh, as at any Store in the State.
Newport, Nov. 19, 1799.

Juſt received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyſon
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Cheſt or ſmaller Quantity.

Tea Caddies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by
JOHN C. SCOTT.
Newport, June 25, 1799.

BENJAMIN HILL
Reſpectfully informs his old Cuſtomers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Meſſrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has
AN Aſſortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Caſh.

He alſo continues his BAKING BUSINESS as uſual, on the Wharf below his Houſe—where any Merchant or Captain of Veſſel may be ſupplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the ſhorteſt Notice.
Newport, Sept. 17, 1799.

Juſt Publiſhed,
And for Sale by *WILLIAM R. WILDER*, at his Book-Store, nearly oppoſite Meſſieurs Gibbs & Channing's Store, Thames-ſtreet, Wholeſale and Retail,
The *NEW-ENGLAND*
ALMANACK,
OR,
Ladies and Gentleman's DIARY, for the Year of our LORD 1800.
By ISAAC BICKERSTAFF, *Philom.*

Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Calculations and Tables (which are very accurate) a Variety of uſeful and entertaining Matter.—The Author, in his Preface, gives a conciſe Account of the Old and New Stiles, Reaſons for aboliſhing the Old Stile, and why there cannot be another Leap-Year till 1804.
Newport, Nov. 19, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING
HAVE FOR SALE,
ST. Peterſburgh clean Hemp; Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, firſt Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions—Ruſſia and Swedes Iron, flat and ſqusre.
BY THE PACKAGE.
Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Sileſias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Heſſian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glaſs Ware, calculated for the Weſt-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Cargo, on ſhort Notice; Molaſſes, per Hogſhead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glaſs; ſuperfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.
Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN
Has for Sale, for Caſh, or on a reaſonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland,

GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogſhead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Iſland Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Meſs and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Caſk; Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Buſhels, or leſs Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.
Newport, July 29, 1799.

All Perſons having any unſettled Accounts with *Jonathan Williams*, late of Newport, Chaiſe-Maker, are deſired to call on the Subſcribers for an Adjuſtment of them, who are appointed Adminiſtrators to ſettle his Eſtate.

OBADIAH WILLIAMS,
DAVID WILLIAMS.
Newport, 12th of 12th Month, 1799.

Juſt Received, and for Sale, by
WILLIAM R. WILDER,
At his *BOOK-STORE* and *CIRCULATING-LIBRARY,*
Nearly oppoſite Meſſrs. Gibbs & Channing's *Store,*

A Large and General Aſſortment of BOOKS & STATIONARY, which will be Sold at the loweſt poſſible Prices.

Among which are,
Large Bibles, of 10 different Kinds.
Small Ditto, per Dozen or Single.
Teſtaments, per Dozen or Single.
Watts's Pſalms and Hymns, per Ditto.
1500 Webſter's Spelling-Books, & 3d Parts.
A general Aſſortment of Accompt Books, Ledgers, &c
Almanacks for 1800, of 3 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or Single.
Sheet Ditto, very convenient for Stores and Compting-Rooms.
Children's Picture-Books, Primers, &c. of 50 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or ſingle.
300 Reams of Writing-Paper, various Sizes and Prices.
Wrapping Ditto per ſingle or Dozen Reams.
Playing Cards by the Groce, Dozen or ſingle Pack.
Slates and Slate Pencils, by the Dozen or ſingle.
Real Dutch Quills, by the 1000 or leſs.
Black and Red Ink-Powder, by the Dozen or ſingle Paper.
A great Variety of Ladies & Gentlemen's Red Morocco Pocket-Books, with and without Inſtruments.
A beautiful Aſſortment of Penknives, Deſk Knives, Folders, &c.
Beſt Iriſh glazed Wafers.
Genuine Dutch Sealing-Wax, Red & Black.
2 Caſes of Engliſh Hats, imported in the Minerva, of the lateſt London *Faſhions.*
A ſmall Aſſortment of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c. &c. with very many other Articles too numerous for an Advertiſement.

☞ Large Additions are made, and are daily making, to his CIRCULATING-LIBRARY.

Newport, Nov. 11, 1799.
N. B. A few Boxes real Havanna Segars.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN
Informs the Public, and his Friends and Cuſtomers in general,
That he has juſt received,
A new Supply of GOODS,—ſuitable for the preſent Seaſon, well aſſorted, by Wholeſale and Retail, cheap for Caſh, in Thames-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. Robert Stevens's.
Newport, 3d December, 1799.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN
HAS FOR SALE,
St. Peterſburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Cheſt,
And Molaſſes, per Hogſhead.
Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

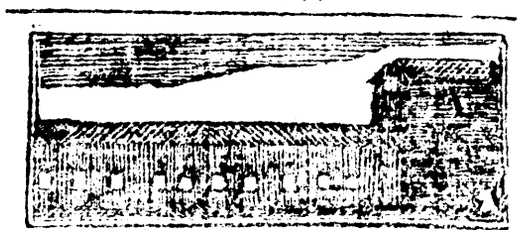
FRESH RAISINS.
A few Caſks for Sale, by
NATHAN B. MILLER.
December 10, 1799.

A new Supply of Fall & Winter Goods.

JOHN BOURS, jun.
Reſpectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in general,
That he has juſt received, at his STORE, *oppoſite General MARTIN's,*
A Beautiful Aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to ſell very low.

Alſo, two Boxes of elegant TRUXT's HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.
Newport, Dec. 2, 1799.



DANIEL W. BARKER & Co.
INFORM the Public, that they have lately erected a ROPEWALK at the South End of the Town, where they have for Sale, Boltrope; Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions; Rigging by the Suit turned out at the ſhorteſt Notice, and manufactured equal to any in the United States.
Newport, Sept. 16, 1799.

To be SOLD, by
WILLIAM LANGLEY,
At his Shop in Thames-ſtreet,
A general Aſſortment of Joiner's and Carpenter's PLANES, &c. made by JOSHUA WILBOUR, late of this Town: A conſtant Supply of which he propoſes to keep.
Newport, Dec. 10, 1799.

JOHN THURSTON,
Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Baniſter's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceaſed, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Muſtard; Codfiſh; an Aſſortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-ſtands; Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Bruſhes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Caſes of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Cheſt Locks; Braſs Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouſe Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Bruſhes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fiſhing-Lines; Fiſh-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fiſhing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Patent and other Time Glaſſes; Double Battle and other Gunpowder; Drawing-Knives; Nova-Scotia Grindſtones; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Caſk, and Flour by the Barrel.
Newport, August 5, 1799.

WE the Subſcribers being, by the Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of BENJAMIN TUELL, late of Newport, Cordwainer, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent; and ſix Months from the Date hereof being allowed for the Creditors to bring in their Claims—Notice is hereby given, that we will attend at our reſpective Dwellings in ſaid Newport, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid.

GILES SANFORD,
JOHN EASTON.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make Payment to
ELIZABETH TUELL, *Adm'x.*
Newport, Dec. 16, 1799.

Respecting the DEATH *of the* ILLUSTRIOUS WASHINGTON.

The virtues and ſervices of this unequalled Mortal, having commanded the warmeſt affections of the People of the *United States*—his loſs is felt with a poignancy of grief, which no other misfortune could have cauſed. The ſorrowful Citizen pours with anxious curioſity over every ſentence, which names WASHINGTON—or notes a tribute of reſpect to his hallowed Memory. We, therefore, with ſympathiſing aſſiduity, ſearch the darkened columns of every paper which reaches us, and carefully ſelect each paragraph which involves the intereſting ſubject.

(Boston Mercury.)

"*From Vernon's Mount, behold the Hero riſe!*
Reſplendent Forms attend him thro' the ſkies!
The ſhades of war-worn veterans round him throng,
And lead, enwrapt, their honor'd Chief along!
A laurel wreath th' Immortal WARREN *bears,*
An arch triumphal, MERCER's *hand prepares,*
Young LAURENCE, *'erſt th' avenging bolt of war,*
With port majeſtic guides the glitt'ring car,
MONTGOMERY's *godlike form directs the way,*
And GREENE *unfolds the gates of endleſs day?*
While Angels, "trumpet-tong'd" proclaim thro' air,
"*Due honors for the* First of Men *prepare.*"

From a Norfolk Paper.

Daniel Breedlove, who during the American war, ſerved with no leſs fidelity as a ſoldier, than he has ſince done in the capacity of a door-keeper, in the Houſe of Delegates of the ſtate of Virginia, was, pending the late election of officers in that ſtate, aſked his politics.

Are you a Republican, Breedlove (ſaid a gentleman of liberal ſentiments, belonging to the Houſe) becauſe, if you are not—even you will be ouſted from office!

A Publican—replied Daniel—what the Devil's that.—I don't know what it means; and by G—d I can make *as good a fire*, as any man in the United States.

BANK OF RHODE-ISLAND.

THE Stockholders are notified, That in Purſuance of the Ninth Article of the Charter of Incorporation, a Semi-Annual Dividend will be declared and paid, on Monday the 30th Inſtant.

That in Conformity to the Sixth and Seventh Articles of the ſaid Charter, a General Meeting of the Stockholders is to be holden at the State-Houſe, in this Town, on Monday the 6th Day of January next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, for the Election of Directors, and the Tranſaction of ſuch other Buſineſs as may be deemed neceſſary.

Transferring of Shares will ceaſe from the 20th Inſtant, until the 31ſt Inſtant.

By Order of the President & Directors,
M. SEIXAS, *Cashier.*
Newport, Dec. 17, 1799.

BENJAMIN HADWEN

Has juſt received, and has for Sale at his Store in Thames-ſtreet, Corner of the Old Church-Lane,
A freſh Aſſortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS.
Newport, 2d of 12th Month, 1799.

FOR SALE, BY
GODFREY WENWOOD,
NEW ſuperfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Miſtic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Buſhel or leſs Quantity.
Newport, Oct. 7, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,
Have for Sale,
LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Beſt London White Lead.
Spaniſh Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigreaſe, Pruſſian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Litharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Bruſhes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Bruſhes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varniſh.
Black Ditto.
Window Glaſs & Putty.
Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.
Newport, May 24, 1799.

Newport Insurance Company.

THE Stockholders of the NEWPORT INSURANCE COMPANY are hereby notified, that the Half Yearly Dividend will be declared on Thurſday the 26th Inſtant, and be paid on and after that Day, at the Company's Office.

All Transfers of Shares will ceaſe from this Date until the 26th Inſtant.

The Stockholders are alſo notified, to meet at the Company's Office at 3 o'Clock P. M. on Tueſday the 7th of January next, to chooſe Directors of ſaid Company for the enſuing Year.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JABEZ DENISON, *Sec'ry.*
Wednesday, Dec. 11, 1799.

Lately imported from Canton, in the Shi Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,
By *THOMAS HANDY*,
Freſh TEAS of the firſt Qualities, viz.
GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.
Alſo, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-ſtreet, ſingle and double-refined SUGAR.
Newport, 8th October, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

Has for Sale at his Store, on Baniſter's Wharf,
A General Aſſortment of GROCERIES, of the firſt Quality.
Captains of Veſſels and others ſupplied with SEA-STORES, on the ſhorteſt Notice.
Thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may rely upon ſupplying themſelves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reaſonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.
He returns his ſincere Thanks to his Cuſtomers and the Public for paſt, and ſolicits future Favours.
Newport, April 29, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,
INVITES his Friends, old Cuſtomers and others, to his Shop, where a very handſome Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, juſt imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Caſh, as at any Store in the State.
Newport, Nov. 18, 1799.

Juſt received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.
GUNPOWDER, Hyſon, Souchong, Bohea } Teas, per Cheſt or ſmaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.
And for Sale, by
JOHN C. SCOTT.
Newport, June 25, 1799.

BENJAMIN HILL

Reſpectfully informs his old Cuſtomers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Meſſrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has
AN Aſſortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Caſh.
He alſo continues his BAKING BUSINESS as uſual, on the Wharf below his Houſe—where any Merchant or Captain of Veſſel may be ſupplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the ſhorteſt Notice.
Newport, Sept. 17, 1799.

Juſt Published,
And for Sale by *WILLIAM R. WILDER*, at his Book-Store, nearly oppoſite Meſſieurs Gibbs & Channing's Store, Thames-ſtreet, Wholeſale and Retail,
The *NEW-ENGLAND*
ALMANACK,
OR,
Ladies and Gentleman's DIARY, for the Year of our LORD 1800.
By ISAAC BICKERSTAFF, *Philom.*
Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Calculations and Tables (which are very accurate) a Variety of uſeful and entertaining Matter.—The Author, in his Preface, gives a conciſe Account of the Old and New Stiles, Reaſons for aboliſhing the Old Stile, and why there cannot be another Leap-Year till 1804.
Newport, Nov. 19, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,
ST. Peterſburgh clean Hemp; Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, firſt Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions—Ruſſia and Swedes Iron, flat and ſqusre.
BY THE PACKAGE.
Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Sileſias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Heſſian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glaſs Ware, calculated for the Weſt-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.
New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Cargo, on ſhort Notice; Molaſſes, per Hogſhead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glaſs; ſuperfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.
Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Caſh, or on a reaſonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland,
GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogſhead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Iſland Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Barrel; Meſs and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Caſk; Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Buſhels, or leſs Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.
Newport, July 29, 1799.

All Perſons having any unſettled Accounts with *Jonathan Williams*, late of Newport, Chaiſe-Maker, are deſired to call on the Subſcribers for an Adjuſtment of them, who are appointed Adminiſtrators to ſettle his Eſtate.
OBADIAH WILLIAMS,
DAVID WILLIAMS.
Newport, 12th of 12th Month, 1799.

Juſt Received, and for Sale, by
WILLIAM R. WILDER,
At his *Book-Store* and *Circulating-*LIBRARY,
Nearly oppoſite Meſſrs. Gibbs & Channing's *Store*,
A Large and General Aſſortment of BOOKS & STATIONARY, which will be Sold at the loweſt poſſible Prices.
Among which are,
Large Bibles, of 10 different Kinds.
Small Ditto, per Dozen or Single.
Teſtaments, per Dozen or Single.
Watts's Pſalms and Hymns, per Ditto.
1500 Webſter's Spelling-Books, & 3d Parts.
A general Aſſortment of Accompt Books, Ledgers, &c
Almanacks for 1800, of 3 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or Single.
Sheet Ditto, very convenient for Stores and Compting-Rooms.
Children's Picture-Books, Primers, &c. of 50 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or ſingle.
300 Reams of Writing-Paper, various Sizes and Prices.
Wrapping Ditto per ſingle or Dozen Reams.
Playing Cards by the Groce, Dozen or ſingle Pack.
Slates and Slate Pencils, by the Dozen or ſingle.
Real Dutch Quills, by the 1000 or leſs.
Black and Red Ink-Powder, by the Dozen or ſingle Paper.
A great Variety of Ladies & Gentlemen's Red Morocco Pocket-Books, with and without Inſtruments.
A beautiful Aſſortment of Penknives, Deſk Knives, Folders, &c.
Beſt Iriſh glazed Wafers.
Genuine Dutch Sealing-Wax, Red & Black.
2 Caſes of Engliſh Hats, imported in the Minerva, of the lateſt London *Faſhions*.
A ſmall Aſſortment of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c. &c. with very many other Articles too numerous for an Advertiſement.
☞ Large Additions are made, and are daily making, to his CIRCULATING-LIBRARY.
Newport, Nov. 11, 1799.
N. B. A few Boxes real Havanna Segars.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs the Public, and his Friends and Cuſtomers in general,
That he has juſt received,
A new Supply of GOODS,—ſuitable for the preſent Seaſon, well aſſorted, by Wholeſale and Retail, cheap for Caſh, in Thames-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. Robert Stevens's.
Newport, 3d December, 1799.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN

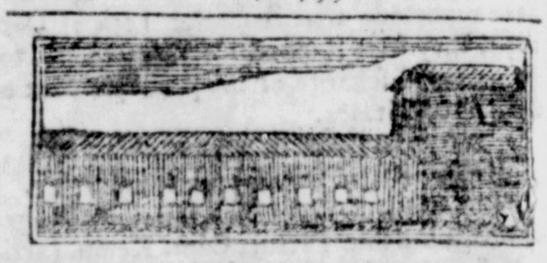
Has for Sale,
St. Peterſburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Cheſt,
And Molaſſes, per Hogſhead.
Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

FRESH RAISINS.

A few Caſks for Sale, by
NATHAN B. MILLER.
December 10, 1799.

A new Supply of Fall & Winter Goods.

JOHN BOURS, jun.
Reſpectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*
That he has juſt received, at his STORE, *oppoſite General* MARTIN's,
A Beautiful Aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to ſell very low.
Alſo, two Boxes of elegant TRUXTON HATS.
He returns his Thanks to his Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.
Newport, Dec. 2, 1799.



DANIEL W. BARKER & Co.

INFORM the Public, that they have lately erected a ROPEWALK at the South End of the Town, where they have for Sale, Boltrope; Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions; Rigging by the Suit turned out at the ſhorteſt Notice, and manufactured equal to any in the United States.
Newport, Sept. 16, 1799.

To be SOLD, by
WILLIAM LANGLEY,
At his Shop in Thames-ſtreet,
A general Aſſortment of Joiner's and Carpenter's PLANES, &c. made by JOSHUA WILBOUR, late of this Town: A conſtant Supply of which he propoſes to keep.
Newport, Dec. 10, 1799.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Baniſter's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceaſed, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.
BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Muſtard; Godfiſh; an Aſſortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-ſtands; Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Bruſhes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Caſes of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Cheſt Locks; Glaſs Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouſe Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Bruſhes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fiſhing-Lines; Fiſh-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fiſhing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Patent and other Time Glaſſes; Double Battle and other Gunpowder; Drawing-Knives; Nova-Scotia Grindſtones; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.
☞ Rice by the Caſk, and Flour by the Barrel.
Newport, August 5, 1799.

WE the Subſcribers being, by the Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, appointed Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of BENJAMIN TUELL, late of Newport, Cordwainer, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent; and ſix Months from the Date hereof being allowed for the Creditors to bring in their Claims—Notice is hereby given, that we will attend at our reſpective Dwellings in ſaid Newport, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid.
GILES SANFORD,
JOHN EASTON.
All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make Payment to
ELIZABETH TUELL, *Adm'x.*
Newport, Dec. 16, 1799.